

Definition of systems and their types.

The systems began in Islam and in secularism.

Statement of the inclusion of Islamic law and its perfection and immortality.

Second: Congenital system:

The measure of good and evil (the standard of values)

In Islam.

(B) in the case regulations‘

Application Forms of the Biography of the Prophet (P.B.U.H.)

Third: Social system:

Its foundations (its innate basis, the dogmatic, the acquaintance, the brothers, the promotion of virtue and the prevention of vice, moral rights)

The individual and the community (rights and duties).

The Family :

A - pillars.

B - rights (between the spouses, and between parents and children, and between the people of the womb).

woman:

Its nature and function‘

B- Some issues of women in Islam.

Education, Labor, Polygamy, Divorce, Veil

Fourth: The Political System:

1 -Its components:

(A) His doctrinal constituents, discussing secularism in government.

B - Constitutional constituents: (the choice of the ruler, allegiance, Shura, protection of basic rights, obedience).

2 -The State in Islam:

A - Elements:

-Power: (characteristics of the Muslim ruler, types of authorities and their limits, the function of power).

-Parish: (rights and duties).

-Earth:

B - The relationship of the Muslim state to other countries.

C - the emergence of the State of Islam in the era of the Prophet