جامعة الانبار

كلية العلوم

قسم الرياضيات التطبيقية

نظرية البيانات / الفصل الاول

Minimum cut & Maximum Flow

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Lecture (10)

Minimum cut & Maximum Flow

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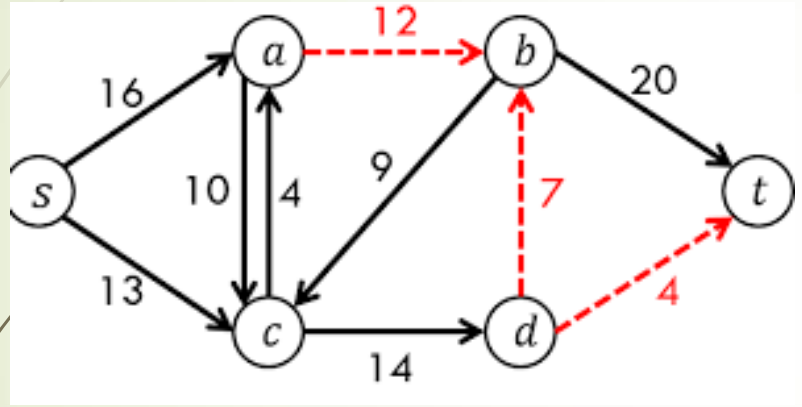
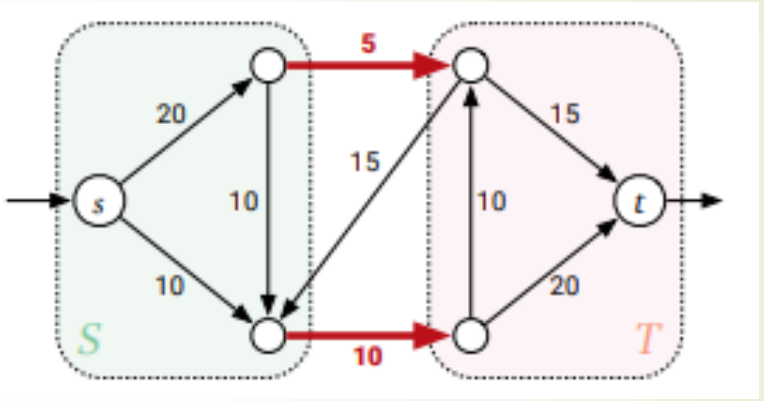
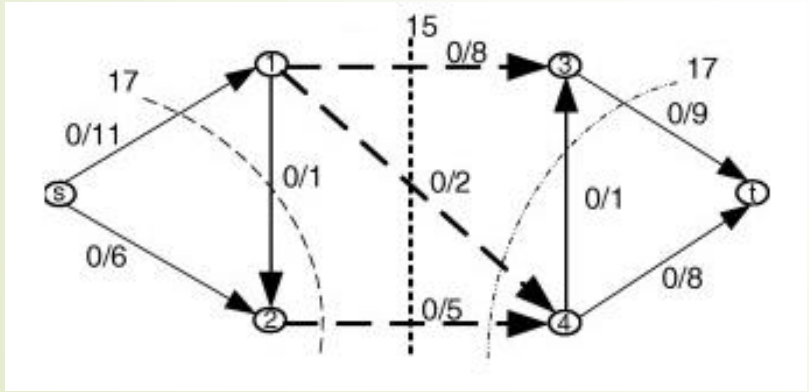
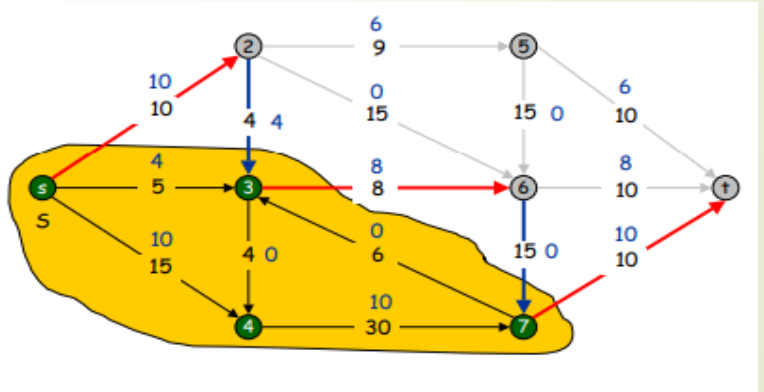
Definition: (Cuts in Networks) A cut of a network D, denoted by $(S, \bar{S})$ or K, is the set of arcs (edges) $\{s\bar{s} : s \epsilon S; \bar{s} \in \bar{S}\}$, whose removal disconnects the network into two components.



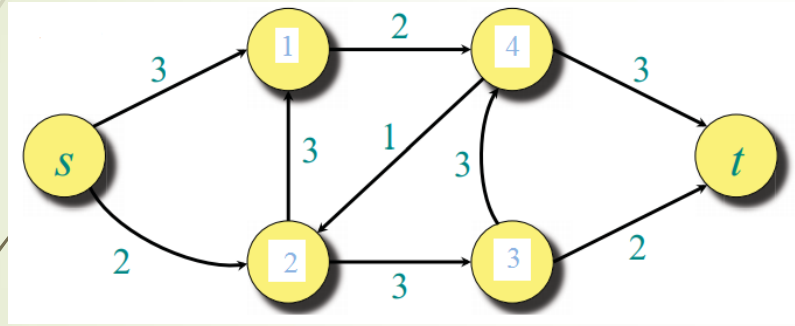


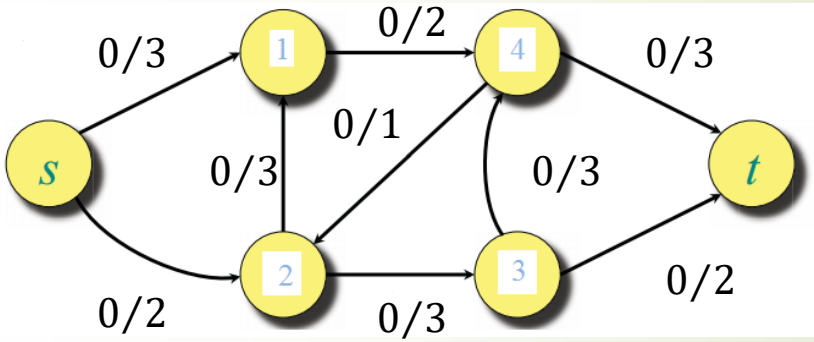




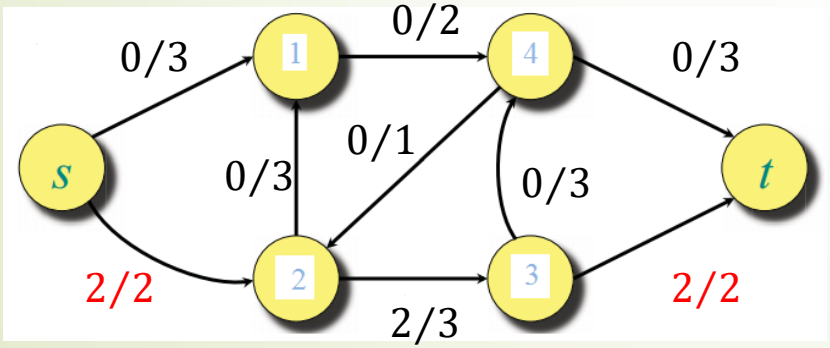
Min-cut Max-Flow Theorem: For any network D, the value of the maximum flow is equal to the capacity of the minimum cut.

Example 1: Find max. flow in the following flow network and determine the corresponding min. cut.

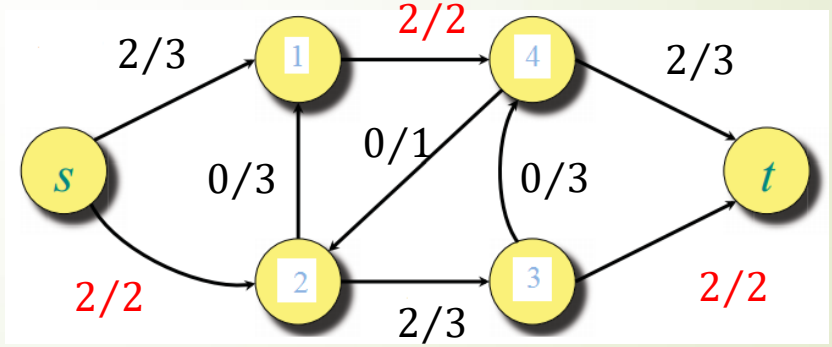




$flow = 0$



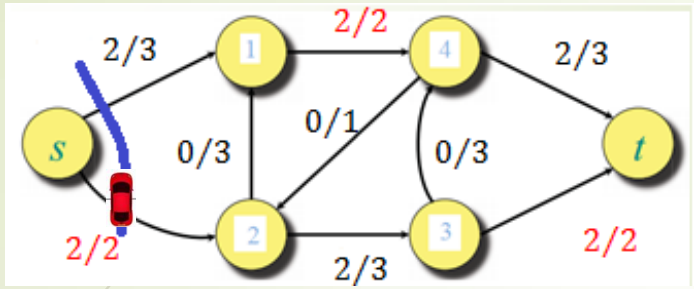
Path 1: s-2-3-t
$flow = 2$

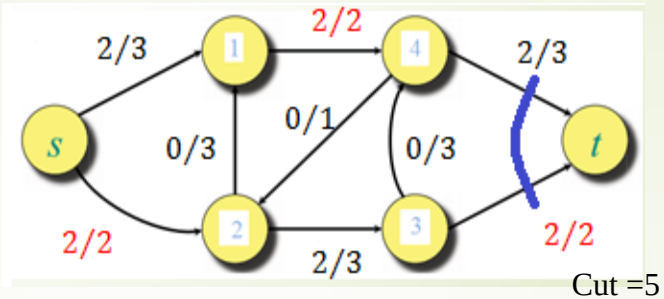


Path 2: s-1-4-t
$flow = 2$

$Max.\,flow = 4$

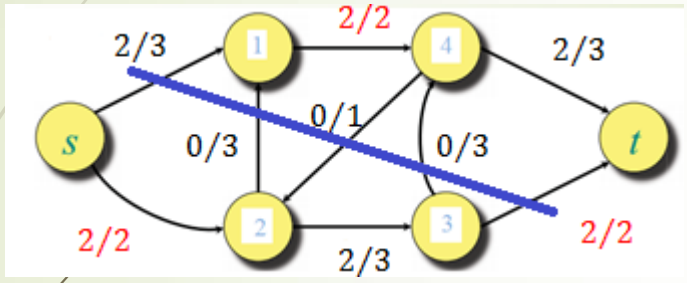
Cut =5

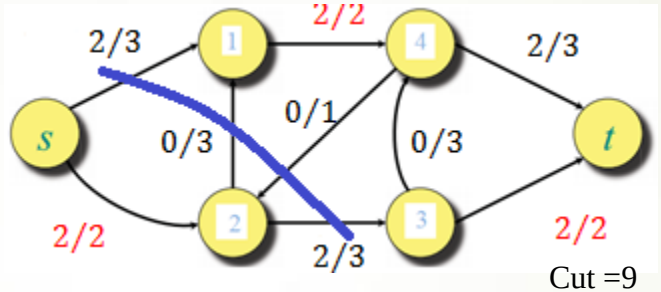




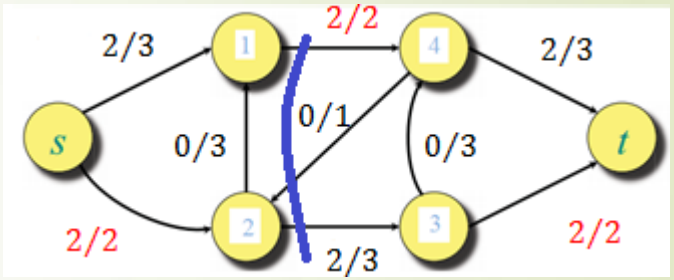
Cut =5

Cut =11



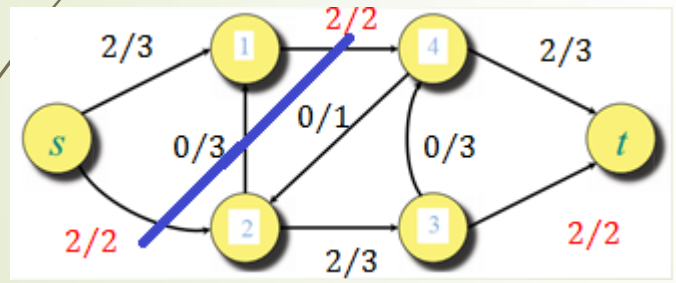


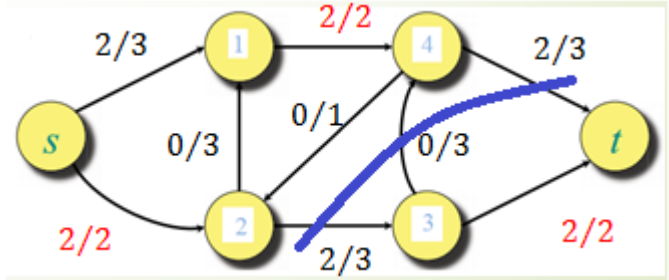
Cut =9



Cut =5

Cut = 4

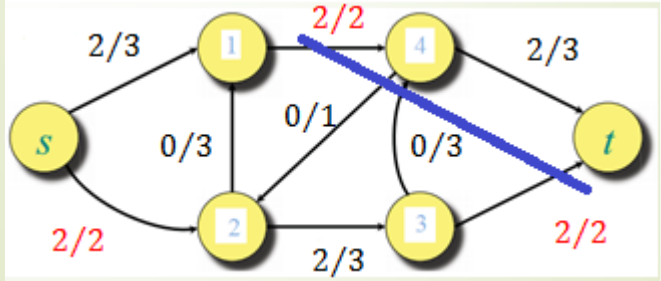


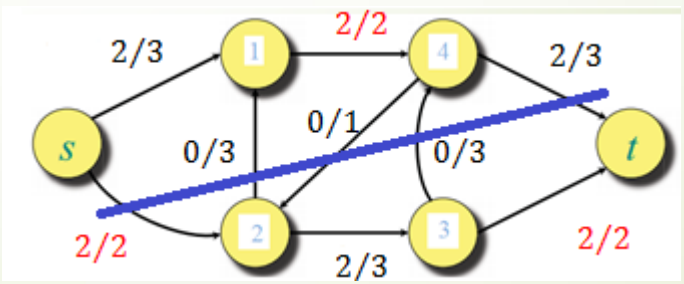


$$Mim.\ Cut = 4 = Max.flow$$

Cut =6

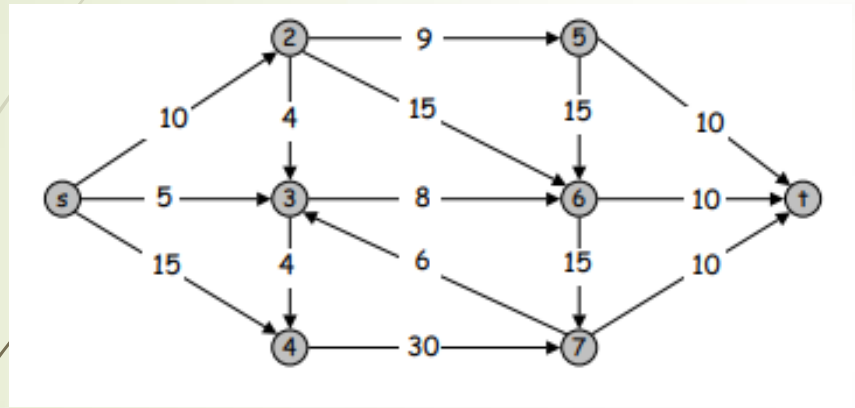
Cut =7

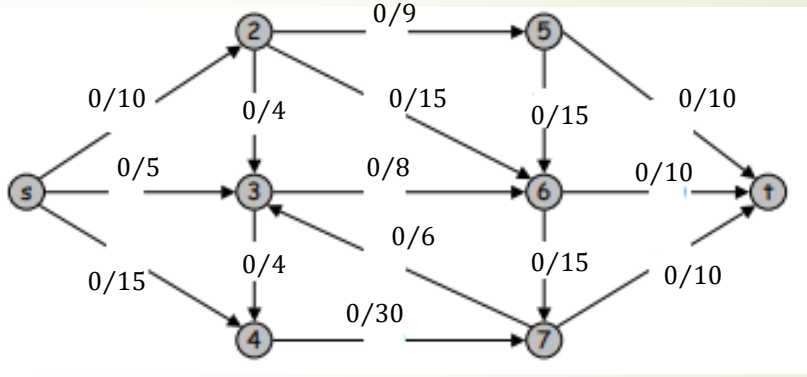




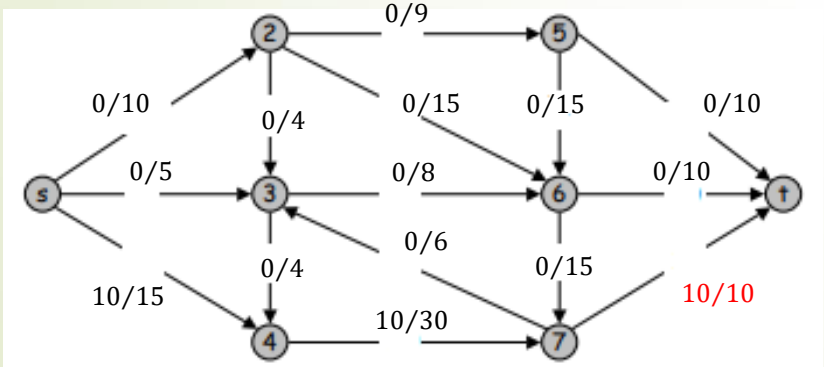
Cut =6

Example 2: Find max. flow in the following flow network and determine the corresponding min. cut.

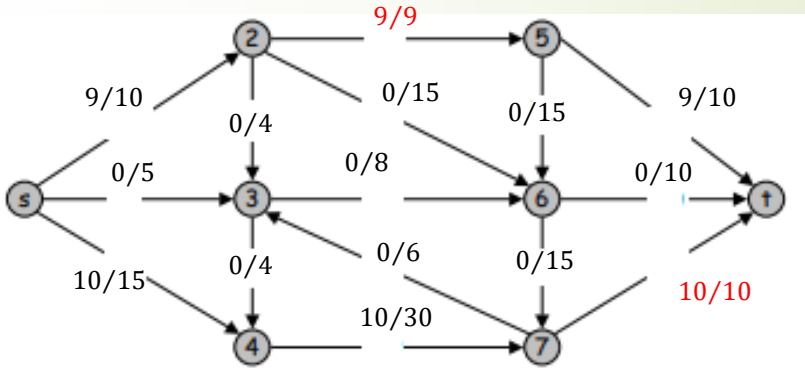




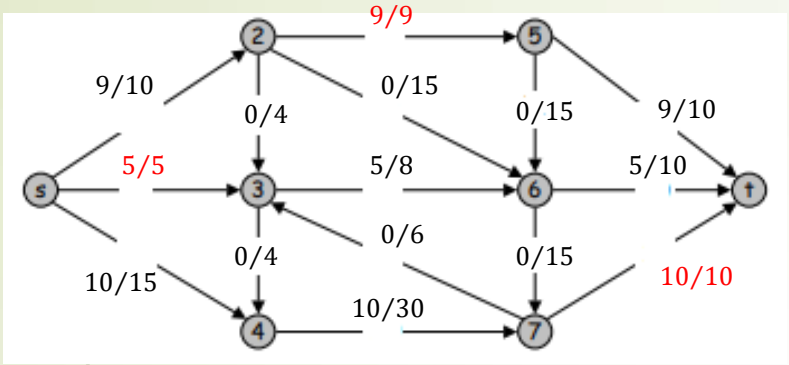
$flow = 0$



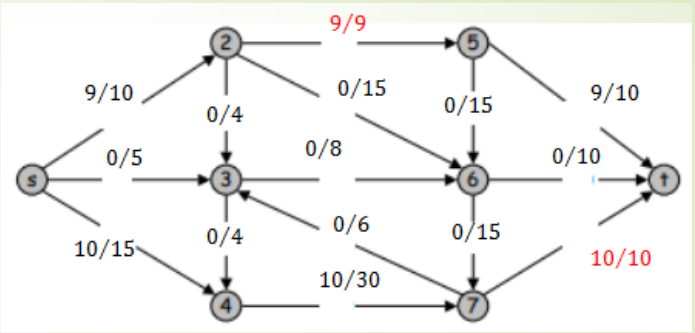
$Path\ 1: s - 4 - 7 - t$
$flow = 10$

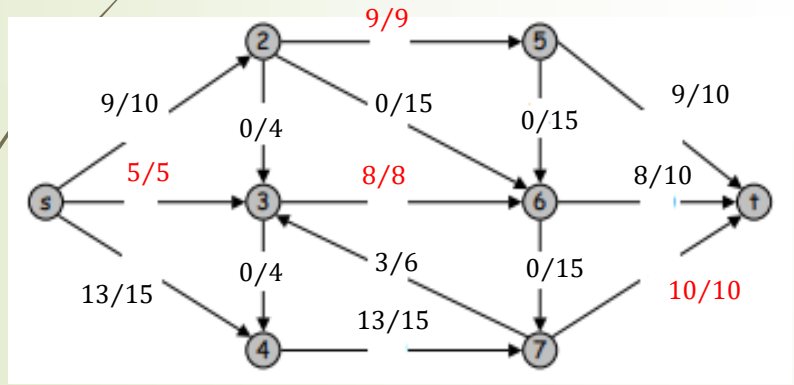


$Path\ 2: s - 2 - 5 - t$
$flow = 9$

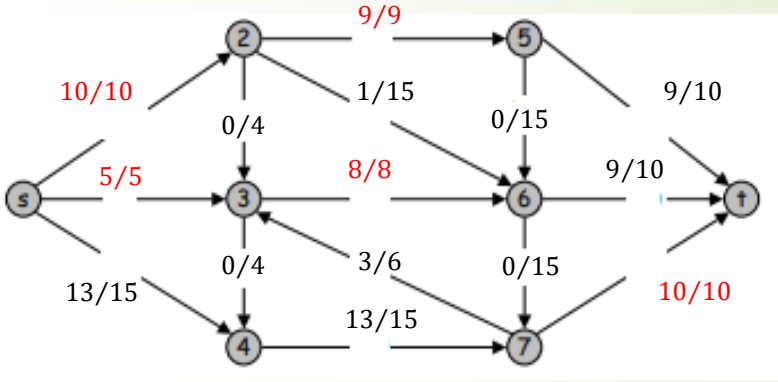


$Path\ 3: s - 3 - 6 - t$
$flow = 5$



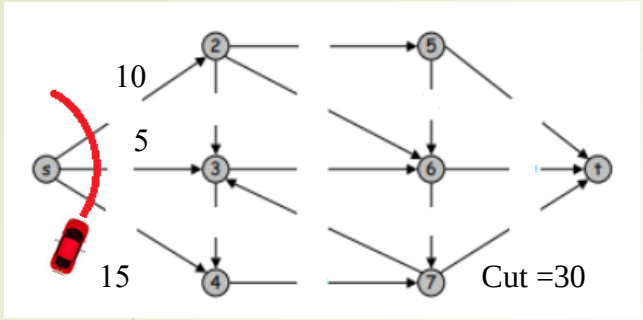


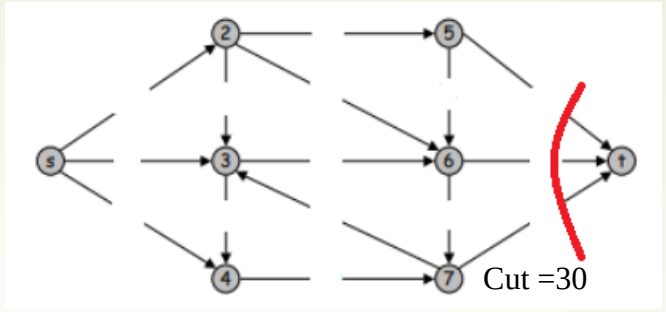
$Path\ 4: s - 4 - 7 - 3 - 6 - t$
$flow = 3$

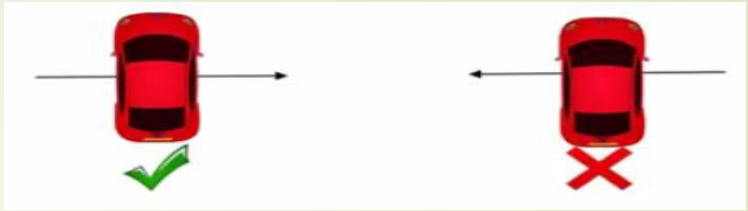


$Path\ 5: s - 2 - 6 - t$
$flow = 1$

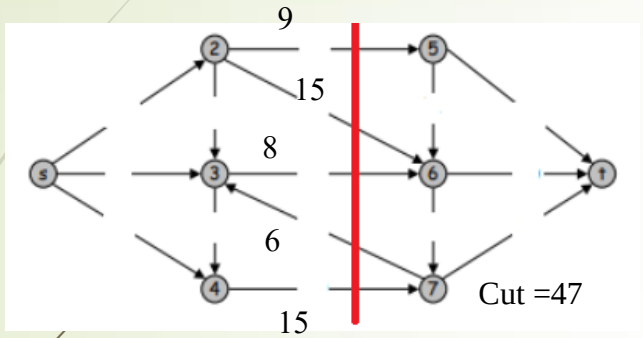
$$Max.flow = 10 + 9 + 5 + 3 + 1 = 28$$

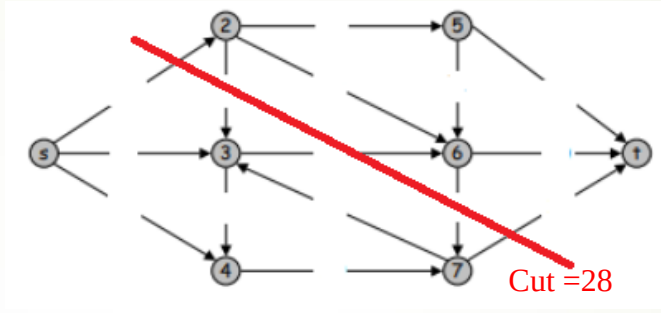


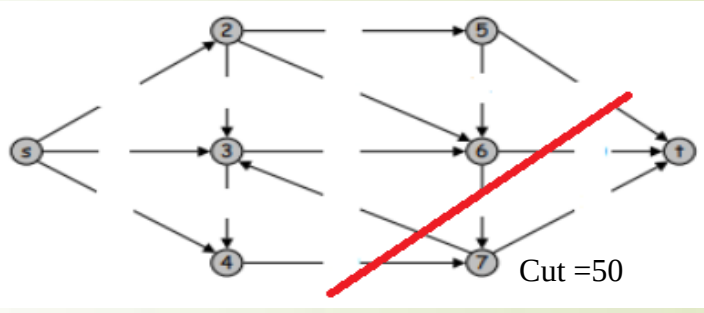


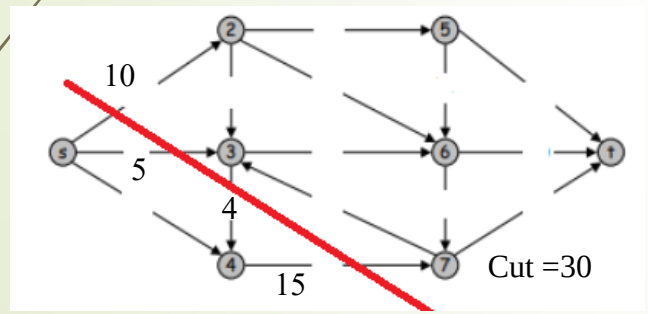


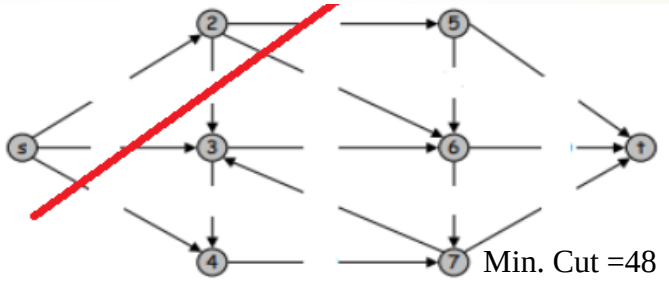
$$Mim.\ Cut = 28 = Max.flow$$

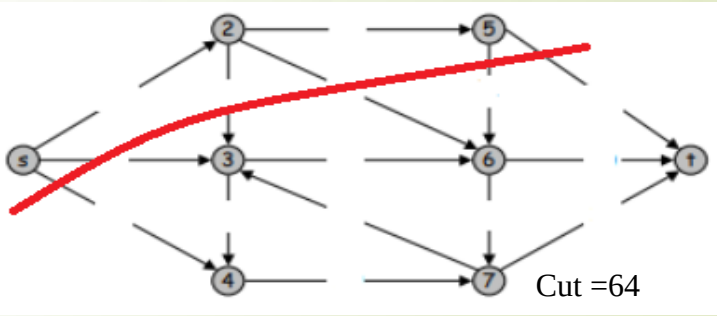


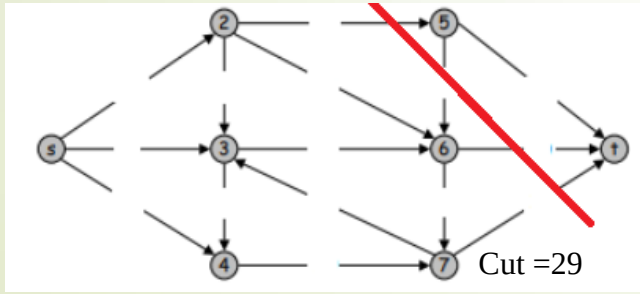


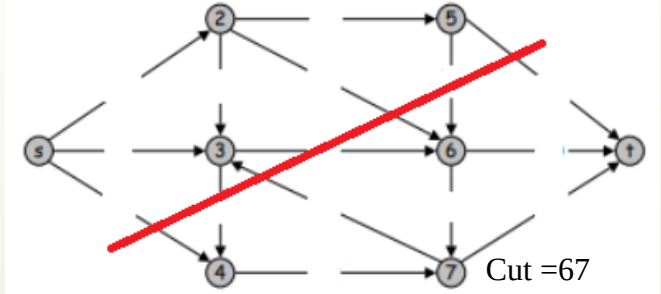


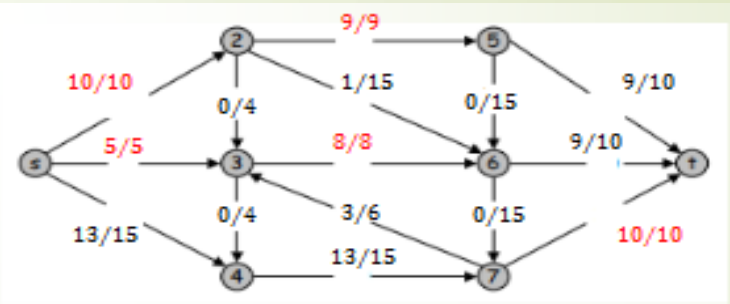












Thank You

References:

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