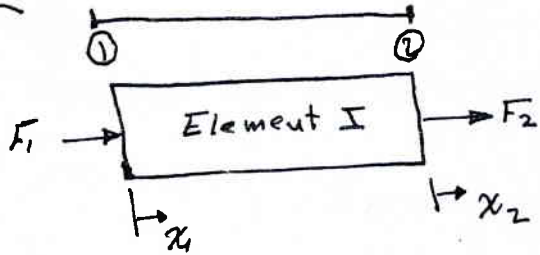


Ch.6: Introduction to Finite Elements Methods

One dimension One Element, Two, Three & Four Elements.

Let's consider this element shown as fig.(1):



$F_1, F_2 =$ Forces on elements.

$x_1, x_2 =$ Displacement of element.

$\Delta x = \delta =$

fig.(1)

$[1D \neq 1E]$

$$\delta = \frac{F \cdot L}{E \cdot A} \quad \text{----- (1)} \rightarrow \frac{F}{\delta} = \frac{E \cdot A}{L} \rightarrow k = \frac{E \cdot A}{L} \quad \text{so } F = k \cdot \delta \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$E =$ Modulus of elasticity.

$L =$ Length of element.

$A =$ Cross section area of element.

So, The general equation of element:

$$F = k \cdot \delta = k \cdot \Delta x$$

$$F_1 = k_1 (x_1 - x_2) = k_1 x_1 - k_1 x_2$$

$$F_2 = k_1 (x_2 - x_1) = k_1 x_2 - k_1 x_1$$

مصفوفة الكتل \rightarrow

$$\begin{bmatrix} F_1 \\ F_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} k_1 & -k_1 \\ -k_1 & k_1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

مصفوفة التواب \leftarrow مصفوفة المتغير \leftarrow

* This is for one element,

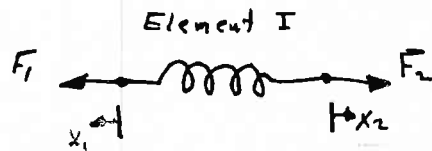
\rightarrow Or in a series of springs:

$$F = k \cdot \Delta x \quad ; \quad \Delta x =$$

$$-F_1 = k_1 (x_1 - x_2) = k_1 x_1 - k_1 x_2$$

$$F_2 = k_1 (x_2 - x_1) = k_1 x_2 - k_1 x_1$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -F_1 \\ F_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} k_1 & -k_1 \\ -k_1 & k_1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$



[one dim. & one element]

$$F_3 = -K_2 \cdot X_2 + K_2 X_3$$

$$F_3 = -1.87 \times 10^6 (566.5 \times 10^{-6}) + \text{Zero} \rightarrow F_3 = -1059.5 \text{ N} \quad \text{Ans. ②}$$

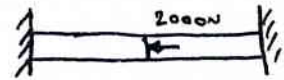
من أجل أن يتزاح (F₁) ، نلغى العبارة الثالثة من المعادلة العامة:

$$\begin{bmatrix} F_1 \\ -2000 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} K_1 & -K_1 \\ -K_1 & K_1 + K_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$F_1 = K_1 (X_1) - K_1 (X_2)$$

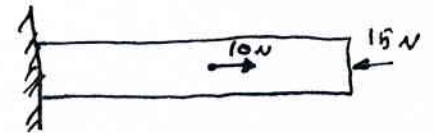
$$F_1 = \text{Zero} - 1.66 \times 10^6 (566.5 \times 10^{-6}) \rightarrow F_1 = -940.4 \text{ N} \quad \text{Ans. ③}$$

H.W. Re-solve the above Ex. 1 when $A_1 = A_2 = 2 \text{ m}^2$, $E_1 = E_2 = 10 \times 10^6$, $L_1 = L_2 = 12 \text{ m}$. [10 & 2E]

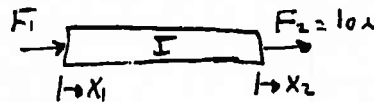


Ex. 2: Find the displacement, force & stress in the system as shown in fig. $A = 10 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2$, $K_1 = K_2 = 1$

Sol: The general Eqs. for this system;
 $F = K \cdot \delta = K \cdot \Delta X$

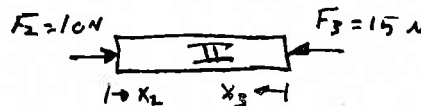


Element (I) $F_1 = K_1 (X_1 - X_2)$
 $F_2 = K_2 (X_2 - X_1)$



$$\begin{bmatrix} F_1 \\ F_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} K_1 & -K_1 \\ -K_1 & K_1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Element (II) $F_2 = K_2 (X_2 - X_3)$
 $-F_3 = K_2 (X_3 - X_2)$



$$\begin{bmatrix} F_2 \\ -F_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} K_2 & -K_2 \\ -K_2 & K_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_2 \\ X_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

∴ The general Matrix for this system:

$$\begin{bmatrix} F_1 \\ F_2 \\ -F_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} K_1 & -K_1 & 0 \\ -K_1 & K_1 + K_2 & -K_2 \\ 0 & -K_2 & K_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

(from Element II)

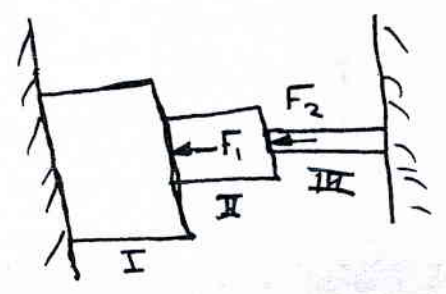
Now applied B.C. on this G.M.

∵ $\frac{E \cdot A}{L} = K = 1$ ∴ $K_1 = K_2 = 1$ for same material

Ex 3: Solve this system by Finite elements to find Reaction & displacements when:

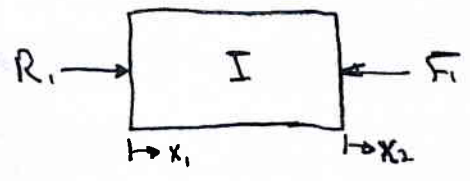
Elements Properties	I	II	III
A	3	2	1
E	10×10^6	20×10^6	30×10^6
L	20	20	20

$F_1 = 4000 \text{ N}$
 $F_2 = 6000 \text{ N}$



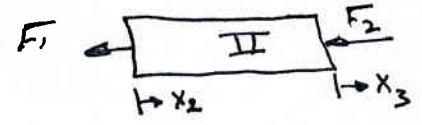
Sol. General Eqs. for this system:
 $F = k \cdot \delta = k \cdot \Delta x$

Element I $R_1 = K_1 (X_1 - X_2)$
 $-F_1 = K_1 (X_2 - X_1)$

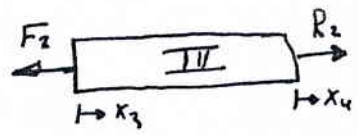


$$\begin{bmatrix} R_1 \\ -F_1 \end{bmatrix} = K_1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} R_1 \\ -F_1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} K_1 & -K_1 \\ -K_1 & K_1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Element II $-F_1 = (X_2 - X_3) K_2$
 $-F_2 = (X_3 - X_2) K_2$



$$\begin{bmatrix} -F_1 \\ -F_2 \end{bmatrix} = K_2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_2 \\ X_3 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} -F_1 \\ -F_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} K_2 & -K_2 \\ -K_2 & K_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_2 \\ X_3 \end{bmatrix}$$



Element III $-F_2 = K_3 (X_3 - X_4)$
 $R_2 = K_3 (X_4 - X_3)$

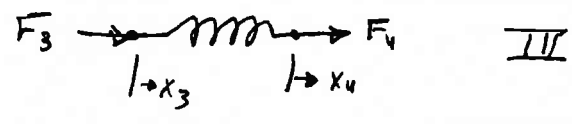
$$\begin{bmatrix} -F_2 \\ R_2 \end{bmatrix} = K_3 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_3 \\ X_4 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} -F_2 \\ R_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} K_3 & -K_3 \\ -K_3 & K_3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_3 \\ X_4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} R_1 \\ F_1 \\ F_2 \\ R_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} K_1 & -K_1 & 0 & 0 \\ -K_1 & K_1 + K_2 & -K_2 & 0 \\ 0 & -K_2 & K_2 + K_3 & -K_3 \\ 0 & 0 & -K_3 & K_3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_3 \\ X_4 \end{bmatrix}$$

This is General Matrix

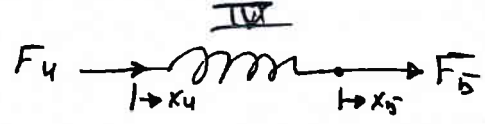
B.C. $X_1 = 0, X_4 = 0, F_1 = 4000, F_2 = 6000$
 $K_1 = \frac{E_1 A_1}{L_1} = \frac{10 \times 10^6 \times 3}{20} \rightarrow K_1 = 15 \times 10^5, K_2 = \frac{E_2 A_2}{L_2} = \frac{20 \times 10^6 \times 2}{20} \rightarrow K_2 = 20 \times 10^5$

Element III) $F_3 = K_3 (X_3 - X_4)$
 $F_4 = K_3 (X_4 - X_3)$



$$\begin{bmatrix} F_3 \\ F_4 \end{bmatrix} = K_3 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_3 \\ X_4 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} F_3 \\ F_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} K_3 & -K_3 \\ -K_3 & K_3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_3 \\ X_4 \end{bmatrix}$$

Element IV) $F_4 = K_4 (X_4 - X_5)$
 $F_5 = K_4 (X_5 - X_4)$



$$\begin{bmatrix} F_4 \\ F_5 \end{bmatrix} = K_4 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_4 \\ X_5 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} F_4 \\ F_5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} K_4 & -K_4 \\ -K_4 & K_4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_4 \\ X_5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now, the general equ. for this system is.

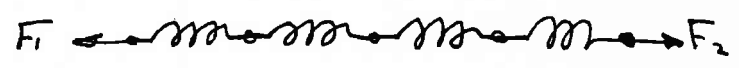
$$\begin{bmatrix} F_1 \\ F_2 \\ F_3 \\ F_4 \\ F_5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} K_1 & -K_1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -K_1 & K_1+K_2 & -K_2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -K_2 & K_2+K_3 & -K_3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -K_3 & K_3+K_4 & -K_4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -K_4 & K_4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_3 \\ X_4 \\ X_5 \end{bmatrix}$$

E. I
E. II
E. III
E. IV

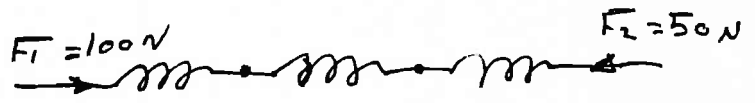
B.C. $K_1 = K_3 = 1, K_2 = K_4 = 2, X_5 = \text{zero}, F_1 = -10 \text{ N}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -10 \\ F_2 \\ F_3 \\ F_4 \\ F_5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 3 & -2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 3 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 3 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_3 \\ X_4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

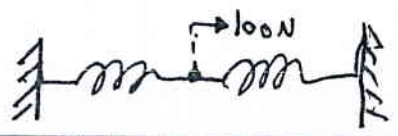
H.W Solve by finite elements for the series of spring when; $K_1 = K_2 = 2$ & $K_3 = K_4 = 4$ with two forces; $F_1 = 100 \text{ N}, F_2 = 100 \text{ N}$



H.W By finite elements; solve this system of spring when; $K_1 = 1, K_2 = 2, K_3 = 3,$

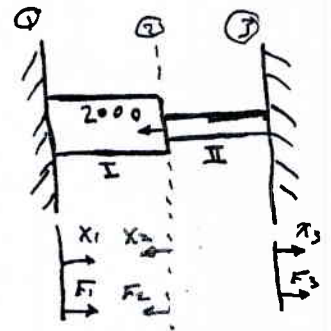


H.W By [f.e.] solve this system of spring when; $K_1 = 2, K_2 = 2K_1$



Ex. 10 Using Finite elements to find the forces & displacement of this system

for ; $A_1 = 2 \text{ m}^2$, $E_1 = 10 \times 10^6 \text{ N}$, $L_1 = 12 \text{ m}$
 $A_2 = 1 \text{ m}^2$, $E_2 = 30 \times 10^6 \text{ N}$, $L_2 = 16 \text{ m}$
 $[10 \approx 2E]$



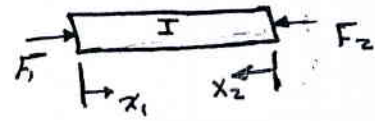
Sol: General Equ. for this system:

$$F = K \cdot \delta = K \cdot \Delta X$$

Element I $F_1 = K_1 (x_1 - x_2) = K_1 x_1 - K_1 x_2$

$$F_2 = K_1 (x_2 - x_1) = K_1 x_2 - K_1 x_1$$

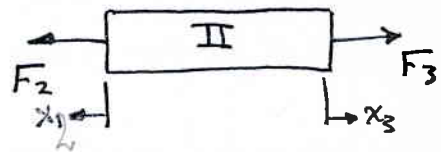
$$\begin{bmatrix} F_1 \\ F_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} K_1 & -K_1 \\ -K_1 & K_1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$



Element II $F_2 = K_2 (x_2 - x_3) = K_2 x_2 - K_2 x_3$

$$F_3 = K_2 (x_3 - x_2) = K_2 x_3 - K_2 x_2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} F_2 \\ F_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} K_2 & -K_2 \\ -K_2 & K_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$



There are three equs. F_1 , F_2 , & F_3 .

The general Matrix for this system;

$$\begin{bmatrix} F_1 \\ F_2 \\ F_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} K_1 & -K_1 & 0 \\ -K_1 & K_1 + K_2 & -K_2 \\ 0 & -K_2 & K_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now applied B.G on the Gen.M.

$$\begin{bmatrix} F_1 \\ F_2 \\ F_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} K_1 & -K_1 & 0 \\ -K_1 & K_1 + K_2 & -K_2 \\ 0 & -K_2 & K_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

from Element I

$$\begin{bmatrix} F_1 \\ -2000 \\ F_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} K_1 & -K_1 & 0 \\ -K_1 & K_1 + K_2 & -K_2 \\ 0 & -K_2 & K_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ x_2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$K_1 = \frac{E_1 \cdot A_1}{L_1} = \frac{10 \times 10^6 \times 2}{12} \Rightarrow K_1 = 1.66 \times 10^6$$

$$K_2 = \frac{E_2 \cdot A_2}{L_2} = \frac{30 \times 10^6 \times 1}{16} \Rightarrow K_2 = 1.87 \times 10^6$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -2000 \\ F_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} K_1 + K_2 & -K_2 \\ -K_2 & K_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

; solve by Chapter 2 or

$$-2000 = (K_1 + K_2) x_2 - K_2 x_3$$

$$-2000 = 3.53 \times 10^6 (x_2) - 1.87 \times 10^6 (x_3) \Rightarrow x_2 = 566.5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ Ans } \textcircled{1}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} F_1 \\ 10 \\ -15 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} K & -K & 0 \\ -K & 2K & -K \\ 0 & -K & K \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

* ان نلغي المعادلات الاولى من المعنونة البتة افلاحة :

$$\begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ -15 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2K & -K \\ -K & K \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} ; \text{ solve by Chapter 2 or}$$

$$10 = 2Kx_2 - Kx_3 \rightarrow Kx_3 = 2Kx_2 - 10 \dots \textcircled{1}$$

$$-15 = -Kx_2 + Kx_3 \dots \textcircled{2}$$

Now, Sub. $\textcircled{1}$ in $\textcircled{2} \rightarrow -15 = -Kx_2 + 2Kx_2 - 10$

$$-5 = Kx_2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_2 = -\frac{5}{K} \\ x_3 = -\frac{20}{K} \end{bmatrix}$$

Sub. in $\textcircled{1} \rightarrow$

Ans. $\textcircled{1}$

* ان نلغي المعادلات الثلاثة من المعنونة البتة : لا يبقى الا (F_1)

$$\begin{bmatrix} F_1 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} K & -K \\ -K & 2K \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} ; \text{ solve this Matrix (H.W.) or}$$

$$F_1 = K(0) - Kx_2 \rightarrow F_1 = -K \times \frac{-5}{K} \rightarrow \boxed{F_1 = 5N} \text{ Ans. } \textcircled{2}$$

$$\sigma_1 = \frac{F_1}{A} = \frac{5}{10 \times 10^{-4}} \rightarrow \sigma_1 = 5000 \frac{N}{m^2} \text{ Ans. } \textcircled{3}$$

$$\sigma_2 = \frac{F_2}{A} = \frac{10}{10 \times 10^{-4}} \rightarrow \sigma_2 = 10000 \frac{N}{m^2} \text{ Ans. } \textcircled{4}$$

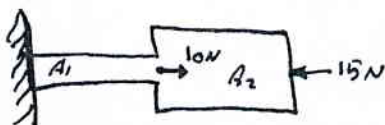
$$\sigma_3 = \frac{F_3}{A} = \frac{15}{10 \times 10^{-4}} \rightarrow \sigma_3 = 15000 \frac{N}{m^2} \text{ Ans. } \textcircled{5}$$

H.W. Solve the above Ex. 2 when $A_1 = 10 \times 10^{-4} m^2$, $E_1 = 10 \times 10^6 \frac{N}{m^2}$

$$A_2 = 20 \times 10^{-4} m^2, E_2 = 20 \times 10^6 \frac{N}{m^2}$$

$$L_1 = L_2 = 10m$$

by using (F.E.).



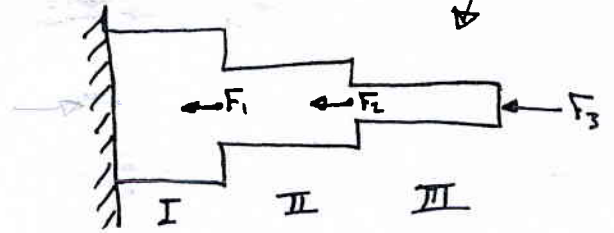
Note: Ex. 1 & Ex. 2 No. elements are 2.

$$K_3 = \frac{E_3 A_3}{L_3} = \frac{30 \times 10^6 \times 1}{20} \rightarrow K_3 = 15 \times 10^5$$

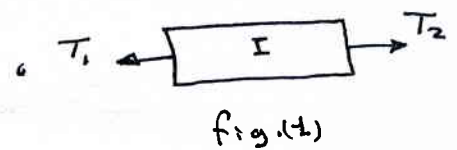
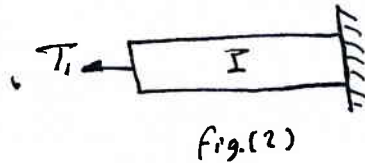
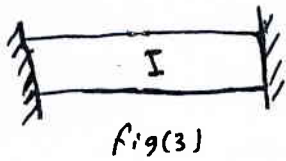
$$\begin{bmatrix} R_1 \\ -4000 \\ -6000 \\ R_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 15 \times 10^5 & -15 \times 10^5 & 0 & 0 \\ -15 \times 10^5 & 35 \times 10^5 & -20 \times 10^5 & 0 \\ 0 & -20 \times 10^5 & 35 \times 10^5 & -15 \times 10^5 \\ 0 & 0 & -15 \times 10^5 & 15 \times 10^5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_3 \\ X_4 \end{bmatrix}$$

H.W. Solve the Ex. 3 when $\frac{E \cdot A}{L} = 1$ & the system as show in fig.

$F_1 = 10000 \text{ N}$, $F_2 = 20000 \text{ N}$
by Finite elements.



H.W. Solve by (F.E.) for this system as show in figs. when
 $A = 3 \text{ m}^2$, $E = 30 \times 10^6$, $L = 10 \text{ m}$



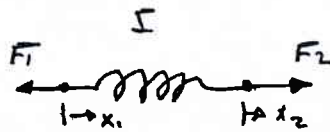
Ex. 4; Solve the series of spring by Finite elements what $K_1 = 1 = K_3$, $K_2 = 2 = K_4$.

$F_1 = 10 \text{ N}$

Solve the general equ. is. $F = K \cdot \Delta X$

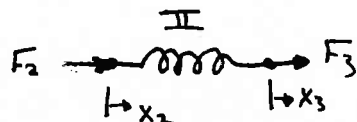


Element I) $-F_1 = K_1 (X_1 - X_2)$
 $F_2 = K_1 (X_2 - X_1)$



$$\begin{bmatrix} -F_1 \\ F_2 \end{bmatrix} = K_1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} -F_1 \\ F_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} K_1 & -K_1 \\ -K_1 & K_1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Element II) $F_2 = K_2 (X_2 - X_3)$
 $F_3 = K_2 (X_3 - X_2)$



$$\begin{bmatrix} F_2 \\ F_3 \end{bmatrix} = K_2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_2 \\ X_3 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} F_2 \\ F_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} K_2 & -K_2 \\ -K_2 & K_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_2 \\ X_3 \end{bmatrix}$$