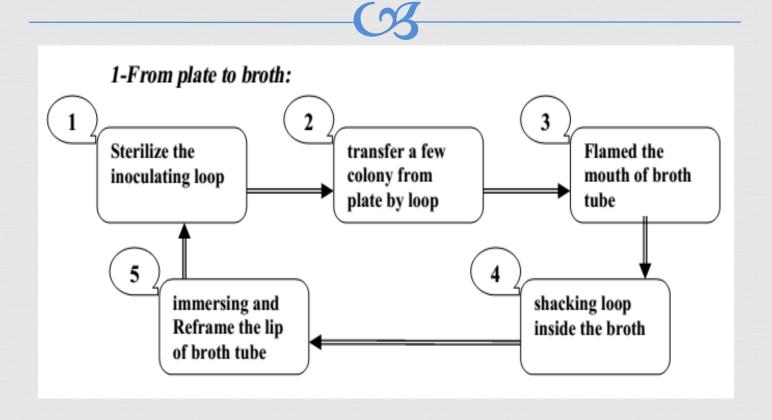
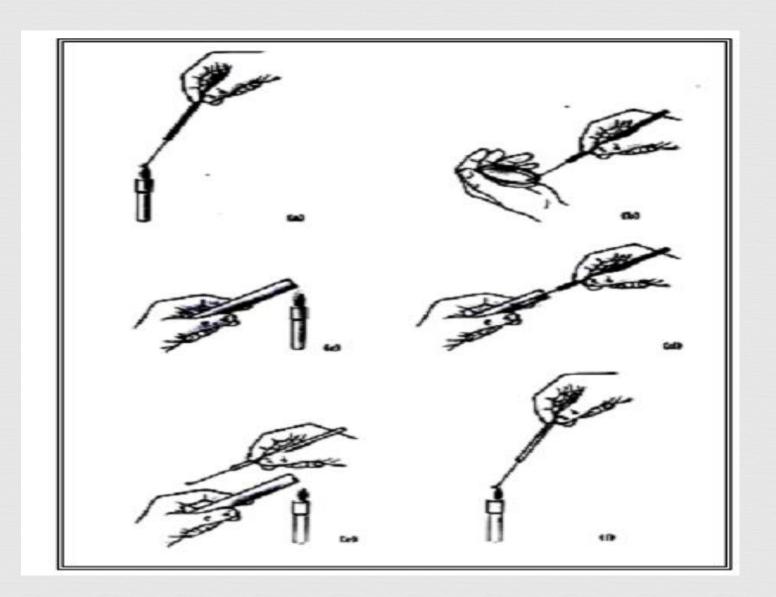
Inoculation techniques and culture methods

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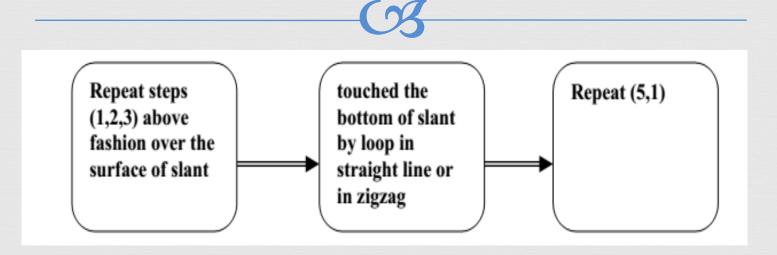
To transfer the microorganisms from medium to another by process called (sub culturing), all transfers must take place under aseptic condition as following:-

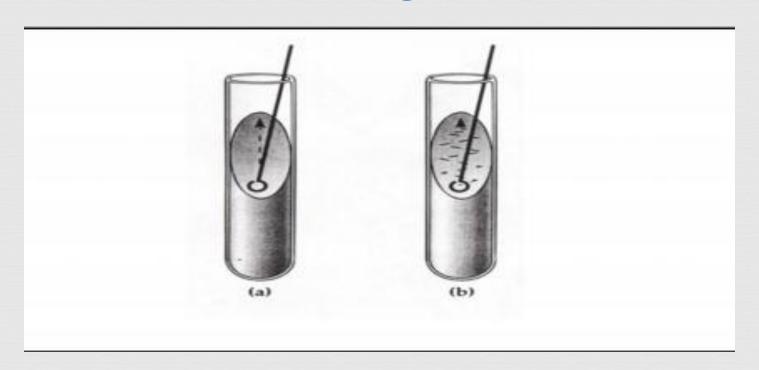
1-From plate to broth





2- From plate to slant agar





3- Stab culture



by needle the growth (inoculums) stabbed or immersed in the agar tube media for demonstration of gelatin liquefaction and for the maintenance of the stock culture.

4- Lawn culture

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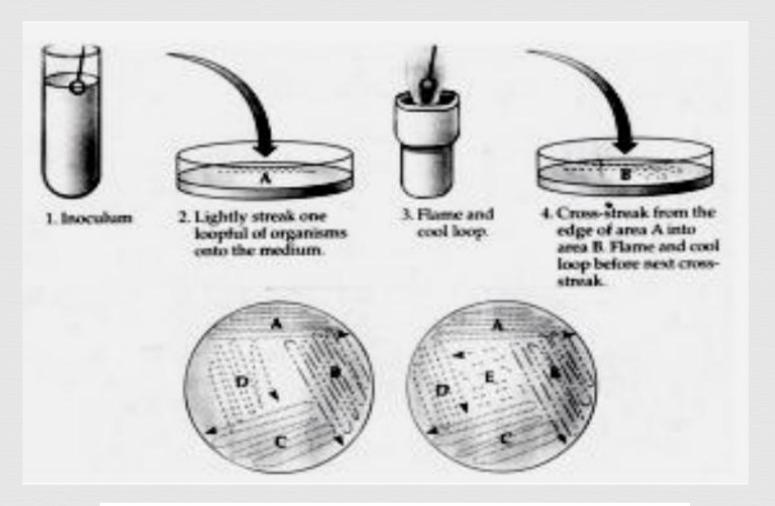
Lawn culture are prepared by flooding the surface of the plate with a liquid culture or suspension of bacteria and pipetting off the excess inoculum or by applying a swab soaked in the bacterial culture or suspension. After incubation, lawn culture provides a uniform surface growth. It is useful for antibiotic susceptibility testing by disc diffusion method and bacteriophage typing.

5- Streak – plate technique (streaking method)



The most common methods of inoculating an agar plate.

- A small amount of growth is placed on the side of the agar plate (either with swab or a drop by inculcating loop).
- A sterile loop by flame and cool it by touching the agar and spread the bacteria by moving the loop from side to side, entering the initial site of inoculation.
- Repeat the sterilize and cool the loop, streak at a 90 angle to the first streaks.
- Moving around the agar plate and repeat streak 2-3 times . After incubation the streaks plate in (37 °C) for (18-48)hr. a single colony (isolated colony) is getting by streaking.



1- Practical Microbiology for dental students by Bharti Arora . D.R.Arora .2- Jawetz Medical Microbiology 26th Edition.