Grammar Ref.

الانبار University of Anbar

كلية العلوم كلية العلوم

Department of Biology

المرحلة الآولى

اللغة الانكليزية English Language

Grammar Reference

شرح قواعد الكتاب

مدرس المادة

م.م. يعرب قحطان حميد

Assist. Lec. Yaarub Qahtan Hameed

Grammar Reference

UNIT 1

1.1 am/are/is

I	'm am	Ben.
You	re are	Mika.
My name	's is	James Bond.
This	is	Judy Koblenz.

> 1.2 Questions with question words

What's your name? (what's = what is)

How are you?



1.3 Possessive adjectives

My name's John. What's your name?



1.4 Plural nouns

- 1 Most nouns add -s.
 - book books computer
 - computers camera cameras
- 2 Some nouns add -es.
 - sandwich sandwiches

bus buses

UNIT 2

2.1 am/are/is

I'm (am)		
You're (are)	from England.	
He's (is) She's (is)	a student.	
It's (is)	a computer.	
They're (are)	in New York. married.	

2.2 Possessive adjectives

His name's Pablo. What's her name?

My name's Mika. What's your name?

his = possessive adjective his name, his car, his camera

He's Bruno. He's from Brazil. He's fine. (he's = he is)

2.3 Questions with question words

Where	are you is she is he	from?
What	's your (is your) 's her (is her)	name?

2.4 am/are/is

I'm (am)	
You're (are)	from England a student.
He's She's (is) It's	fine. in Paris. in New York. married.
They're (are)	

3.1 am/are/is

Negative

I	'm not (am not)	a teacher. from Spain.
He She	isn't (is not)	married. very well.

Yes/No questions and short answers

Are you married?	Yes, I am. No, I'm not.
Is she a teacher?	Yes, she is. No, she isn't.
Is he English?	Yes, he is. No, he isn't.
Is her name Alice?	Yes, it is. No, it isn't.

3.2 Verb to be

Positive

I	'm (am)	
He She It	's (is)	from the US.
You We They	're (are)	

Negative

I	'm not	
He She It	isn't	English.
You We They	aren't	

Ouestions with question words

What	is your name? is her address? is his phone number?
Where	are you from? is he from? are they from?
How old	are you? are they?

Answers

John Mason. 16, Albert Road, Bristol. 01693 456729. From Spain. I'm 16. They're 8 and 10.

Yes/No questions

Is	he she it	American?	
Are	you we they	married?	

Short answers

Yes, he is. No, she isn't. Yes, it is. Yes, I am. No, we aren't. No, they aren't.

4.1 Possessive adjectives

This is	my your his her our their	family. school. office.
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4.2 Possessive's

's shows possession.

This is John. This is his son. This is John's son. This is Marie. This is her car. This is Marie's car.

his house → Tom's house her name → your wife's name

is also the short form of is.

= he is she is she's it is it's =Who's Who is

4.3 Plural nouns

1 Most nouns add -s in the plural.

doctor → doctors book books students student

2 Nouns that end in -s, -ss, -sh, or -ch add -es.

buses bus classes class sandwich → sandwiches

3 Some nouns that end in -y change to -ies.

city → cities → countries country dictionary → dictionaries

4 Some nouns are irregular.

→ men man woman women child children

4.4 have/has

Hanala an impanilan mah

I You We They	have	a good job.
He She It	has	a computer.



5.1 Present Simple: I/you/we/they

Positive

	Transacti assets
	like coffee.
I	play tennis.
You	live in London.
We	speak two
They	languages.
	have a good job.

Negative

I You We They	like tennis. speak French. work in a rest	
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Questions with question words

Where		you live?
What sports	do	we like?
How many languages		they speak?

Yes/No questions and short answers

Do you like football?	Yes, I do. No, I don't.
Do they speak English?	Yes, they do. No, they don't.

Do you like tea?

Yes, I do. NOT Yes, I like.



> 5.2 a/an

We use an before words that begin with a, e, i, o, and u.

an actor

an English dictionary

an ice-cream

an orange

an umbrella

but

a car

a hamburger

a television



5.3 Adjective + noun

Adjectives always come before the noun.

an American car

NOT

a car American

a Japanese camera a beautiful girl

a camera Japanese a girl beautiful

Spanish oranges

NOT

Spanishes oranges

UNIT 6

6.1 Present Simple: he/she/it

Positive

He She	gets up	at 8.00.
It	leaves	

6.2 Spelling - Present Simple: he/she/it

1 Most verbs add -s.

listens he/she/it leaves walks

2 Verbs ending in -s, -ss, -sh, -ch add -es.

watches he/she/it washes

go, have, and do are irregular.

does he/she/it goes has

6.3 Adverbs of frequency

0%	40%	90%	-100%
0.0			
never	sometimes	usually	always

Adverbs of frequency (never, sometimes, usually, always) can come before the verb.

We never watch TV.

She sometimes goes out on a Saturday night.

He usually works late.

I always have tea for breakfast.

6.4 Present Simple: he/she/it

Negative

regativ	regative					
She He	doesn't	go out in the evening. eat in a restaurant.				

Questions with question words

What		he have for lunch?
Where	does	she work?
What time		he go to bed?
When		he leave work?

Yes/No questions and short answers

Does he like football?	Yes, he does. No, he doesn't.
Does she speak English?	Yes, she does. No, she doesn't.

Does he like tea? Do you like coffee?

Yes, he does. No, I don't.

NOT NOT

Yes, he likes. No, I don't like.

12!



7.1 Question words

Look at the question words and the answers.

What? A hamburger. How? By taxi. When? In the evening. How old? 16. What time? At 8.00. How many? Two. Who? Peter. How much? \$2. Where? In Paris. Why? Because ...



7.2 Pronouns

Look at the subject and object pronouns, and the possessive adjectives.

Subject pronouns	1	you	he	she	it	we	they
Object pronouns	me	you	him	her	it	us	them
Possessive adjectives	my	your	his	her	its	our	their



7.3 this/that

We use this to refer to things near to us.



This is my son.



I like this sandwich.

We use that to refer to things that are not near to us.



That's my house.



I don't like that car.

UNIT 8



8.1 There is/There are

Positive

There's a sofa in the living room.

(There's = There is)

There are two CD players in my house.

Negative

There isn't a TV.

There aren't any photos.

Question

Is there a TV in the kitchen?

Are there any magazines on the table?

How many CDs are there?

8.2 some and any

We use some in positive sentences. There are some books.

We use any in questions and negatives. Does he have any photographs? There aren't any lamps.

See 12.2 p128 for information on some and any.



9.1 was/were

Was and were are the past tense of am/are/is.

Present

I	am	
He/She It	is	fine.
You We They	are	in class.

Past

I He/She It	was	fine.
You We They	were	at home.

Negative

I He	wasn't	at home last weekend.
You They	weren't	at school yesterday.

Questions

Where were you yesterday?

Was she at school? Yes, she was./No, she wasn't.

We use was/were with born, not am/is/are.

Where were you born? He was born in Russia.

NOT

Where are you born? He is born in Russia.

9.2 Past Simple – irregular verbs

Many common verbs are irregular. See the list of irregular verbs on p142.

Present	\rightarrow	Past
am/is/are		was/were
go		went
come		came
have		had
make		made
see		saw
buy		bought
say		said
find		found
do		did

UNIT 10



10.1 Past Simple positive

1 Regular verbs add -ed or -d in the Past Simple.

Present → Past played play watch watched listened listen turn turned change changed

Remember: Many common verbs are irregular.

went see saw have had

See the list of irregular verbs on p142.

2 The form is the same for all persons.

I You He/She/It We They	listened to music. went to work. had lunch.
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10.2 Past Simple questions and negatives

Present do/does → Past did What time does he usually get up? What time did he get up yesterday?

Questions with question words

Where	did	I you he/she/it we they	go?
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Negative

I You He/She/It We They	didn't	go shopping, see the film.
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Ves/No questions and short answers

Did they play football?	Yes, they did.
Did you have a good time?	No, I didn't.

References

Soars, L. (2009). New headway: Beginner student's book.

Soars, L. (2009). New headway: Beginner Working book.