

# English Language

Lec. 4

# The use of the verb **like** in English

Before name or pronoun

- We like food
- they like her
- She likes ice cream
- She liked tennis

**Subject + like + n. or pron.**

	<b>Subject Pronoun</b>	<b>Object Pronoun</b>	<b>Possessive Adjective (Determiner)</b>	<b>Possessive Pronoun</b>	<b>Reflexive or Intensive Pronoun</b>
1st person singular	I	me	my	mine	myself
2nd person singular	you	you	your	yours	yourself
3rd person singular, male	he	him	his	his	himself
3rd person singular, female	she	her	her	hers	herself
3rd person singular, neutral	it	it	its		itself
1st person plural	we	us	our	ours	ourselves
2nd person plural	you	you	your	yours	yourselves
3rd person plural	they	them	their	theirs	themselves

# The use of the verb Like before adjective or pronoun

- I like spicy food
- He likes red cars
- She likes sport cars
- I like your dress
- He liked your car

Subject + like + adj. or pron.

# The use of the verb Like before v+ing

- I like playing football
- He likes driving
- She likes biking
- He liked playing football

Subject + like + V. ing

In negative **present** sentences we have to add (do+ not) or (does+not) before the verb (Like).

- I like tennis → I **don't** like tennis
- You like tennis → You **don't** like tennis
- He **does** not like red T-shirts

while in negative **past sentence** we have to add (**did+ not**) before the verb (Like).

- She liked swimming → She **didn't** like swimming

The verb like can be used after the add-verb (**would**) when we talking about **future preferred work**. But in this case it has to have (**to**) after it:

- I **would** like **to** eat apple
- He **would** like **to** go home

Subject + would like to + V.

- We can use (do , does and did ) in the positive sentence with verb like to confirm the meaning :
- I do like football
- He does like your car
- She did like red dresses



We use (do, does and did) in case of questions

- Do you like learning English?
- Does she like red shirts ?
- Did he like swimming?

Do				N.			
Does	+	Subject	+	like	+	Adj.	?
or Did				V. ing			

## The third person S

Adding the third person S to Present simple verb which is coming with (he, she, it)

He

She gets up at 8:00

It works very well

- Verbs ending in **s, ss, sh, ch** add **es**  
he, she, it → watches, washes
- Irregular verbs (go, have, do)  
he, she, it → goes, has, does



## Read and complete the text with the verbs

Cooks, eats, gets, gets up, goes (x2), has, invites, listens to, lives, phones, plays, works

Lois Maddox is 25 and she's an artist. She **lives** in a small house by the sea in Cape Cod, Massachusetts. She always **gets up** late, at ten o'clock in the morning. She **has** a big breakfast- coffee, eggs and toast- and then she **goes** to the beach. When she **gets** home, she **works** in her studio until seven o'clock in the evening.

She never **eats** lunch, but she always **cooks** a big dinner and she often **invites** friends. After dinner, she usually **listens to** the radio or **plays** chess. Sometimes she **phones** her brother, Elliot, in the New York. She **goes** to bed very late, at one or two o'clock in the morning.



## Adverbs of frequency



We **never** watch TV

She **sometimes** goes out on a Saturday night

He **usually** works late

I **always** have tea for breakfast



Write the correct preposition in the boxes

On      in      at

at

nine o'clock  
ten thirty  
twelve fifteen  
the weekend

On

Sunday  
Monday  
Saturday  
Friday

In

the morning  
the afternoon  
the evening  
December (month)  
July (month)  
June(month)

