

LECTURE 14. Pupa and types of pupae

PUPA :

It is the resting and inactive stage in all holometabolous insects. During this stage, the

insect is incapable of feeding and is quiescent. During the transitional stage, the larval

characters are destroyed and new adult characters are created. There are three main types of pupae.

1. **OBTECT** : Various appendages of the pupa viz., antennae, legs and wing pads are

glued to the body by a secretion produced during the last larval moult.

Exposed surfaces

of the appendages are more heavily sclerotised than those adjacent to body. e.g. moth

pupa.

a. **Chrysalis** : It is the naked obtect pupa of butterfly. It is angular and attractively

coloured. The pupa is attached to the substratum by hooks present at the terminal end of

the abdomen called cremaster. The middle part of the chrysalis is attached to the

substratum by two strong silken threads called gridle.

b. **Tumbler** : Pupa of mosquito is called tumbler. It is an obtect type of pupa. It is comma

shaped with rudimentary appendages. Breathing trumpets are present in the cephalic end

and anal paddles are present at the end of the abdomen. Abdomen is capable of jerky

movements which are produced by the anal paddles. The pupa is very active.

2. **EXARATE** : Various appendages viz., antennae, legs and wing pads are not glued to

the body. They are free. All oligopod larvae will turn into exarate pupae.

The pupa is soft

and pale e.g. Pupa of rhinoceros beetle.

3. **COARCTATE** : The pupal case is barrel shaped, smooth with no

apparent appendages.

The last larval skin is changed into case containing the exarate pupa. The hardened dark

brown pupal case is called puparium. e.g. Fly pupa.

PUPAL PROTECTION

In general pupal stage lacks mobility. Hence it is the most vulnerable stage. To get

protection against adverse conditions and natural enemies, the pupa is enclosed in a

protective cover called cocoon. Based on the nature and materials used for preparation of

cocoons, there are several types.

Types of cocoon Materials used Example

silken cocoon Silk Silk worm

Earthen cocoon Soil + saliva Gram pod borer

Hairy cocoon Body hairs Woolly bear

Frassy cocoon Frass + saliva Coconut black headed caterpillar

Fibrous cocoon Fibres Red plam weevil

Puparium Hardened last larval skin House fly

Sources

Qaddo, Ibrahim Al-Jubouri, Hussein Abbas Ali, Mustafa Kamal.1980. Book of General Entomology. University of Baghdad. Number of pages 395.

Nadu Tamil. General entomology. Government arts college (Autonomons) Coimbatore-641018.122 page.

Definition of entomology. <https://www.rvskvv.net>

Richards,O.W.and R.G.Davies.1977.Imms,general textbook of entomology.Imperial college.University of London.934 page.