

كلية: الاداب

القسم او الفرع: اللغة الانكليزية

المرحلة: الثانية

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اسم المادة باللغة العربية: الصوت

اسم المادة باللغة الإنكليزية: Phonetics and Phonology: An Introduction

اسم المحاضرة الثانية باللغة العربية: تركيب اول هيكل المقطع غي الانكليزية

اسم المحاضرة الثانية باللغة الإنكليزية: : The structure of the English syllable:

syllable onsets

## محتوى المحاضرة الثانية

## The structure of the English syllable: syllable onsets

If the first syllable of the word in question begins with a vowel (any vowel may occur, though u is rare) we say that this initial syllable has a zero onset.

One consonant Syllable: If the syllable begins with one consonant, that initial consonant may be any consonant phoneme except N; Z is rare.

**Two-consonant syllables**. When we have two or more consonants together we call them a consonant cluster.

## Initial two-consonant clusters are of two sorts in English:

One sort is composed of s followed by one of a small set of consonants; examples of such clusters are found in words such as 'sting' stIN, 'sway' swei, 'smoke' sm@Uk. The s in these clusters is called the pre-initial consonant and the other consonant (t, w, m in the above examples) the initial consonant. These clusters are shown in Table 2.

Table 2 Two-consonant clusters with pre-initial s

## Pre-initial s followed by:

									INITI	NITIAL									
p	t	k	b	d	g	f	θ	S	ſ	h	٧	ð	Z	3	m	n	ŋ		
spin	stık	skın	4	-	-	sfip	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	smel	snou	-		

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The other sort begins with one of a set of about fifteen consonants, followed by one of the set l, r, w, j as in, for example, 'play' plei, 'try' trai, 'quick' kwik, 'few' fju:. We call the first consonant of these clusters the initial consonant and the second the post-initial. There are some restrictions on which consonants can occur together. This can best be shown in table form, as in Table 3.

		p	t	k	b	d	g	f	θ	S	ſ	h	V	ð	Z	3	m	n	ŋ	1	r	W	j
AL	1	plei	н	klei	blæk	-	glu:	flar	-	slıp	-	-	_	-	-	=	-	-	_	_	_7	_	_
Ē	r	prei	trei	kraı	briŋ	drīp	grın	frai	θεου	?1	∫ru:	-	-	4	_	-	_	_	_	- ;	-	-	2
ST-I	W	-	twin	kwik	-	dwel	<b>?</b> <sup>2</sup>	_	θwo:t	swim	?3	-	_	_	_	_	_	2	_	2	_	_	2
O	j	pjo:	tjum	kju:	bju:ti	dju:	?4	fju:	?5	sju:	_	hju:d3	vju:	_	_	_	mju:z	nju:z	_	ljurd	_	_	10

Initial three-consonant clusters: Examples of three consonant initial clusters are: 'split' split, 'stream' stri:m, 'square' skwe@. The s is the pre-initial consonant, the p, t, k that follow s in the three example words are the initial consonant and the l, r, w are post-initial. In fact, the number of possible initial three-consonant clusters is quite small and they can be set out in full (words given in spelling form):

		POST-INITIAL			
		1	r	W	j
	P	'splay'	'spray'	-	'spew'
s plus initial	Т	32	'string'	125	'stew'
	k	'sclerosis'	'screen'	'squeak'	'skewer'