

كلية: التربية للعلوم الصرفة

القسم او الفرع: الكيمياء

المرحلة: الرابعة

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اسم المادة باللغة العربية: التشخيص العضوي

اسم المادة باللغة الإنكليزية: Organic Identification

اسم المحاضرة التاسعة باللغة العربية: تطبيقات (H-NMR) في تشخيص المركبات العضويات

اسم المحاضرة التاسعة باللغة الإنكليزية: Application(1H-N.M.R) spectrum in identification

organic compounds

المحاضرة التاسعة

تطبيقات (H-NMR) في تشخيص المركبات العضوية:

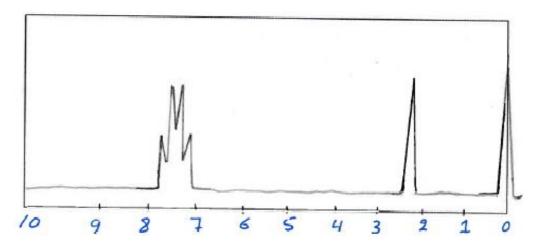
(Application(¹H-N.M.R) spectrum in identification organic compounds)

Example (1):

Identification the Organic Compound unknown which gave him this ($^1\text{H-NMR}$) spectrum figure and the molecular formula (C_8H_7OCl) with explain relative signals .

مثال (1):

شخص المركب العضوي الذي اعطى طيف ($^{1}H-NMR$) له الشكل التالي وصيغته الجزيئية هي ($^{1}H-NMR$) مع توضيح عائدية الاشارات .



الحل:

من الطيف نستنتج الاتي:

OPh-CH₃ الإشارة الاحادية عند ($^{C-CH_3}$) تعود الى البروتونات في المجموعة ($^{C-CH_3}$) او $^{C-CH_3}$ الاشارة الرباعية المتناسقة عند ($^{C-CH_3}$) تعود الى بروتونات الحلقة الاروماتية ثنائية التعويض في موقع بارا ($^{C-CH_3}$) بمجموعتين مختلفتين .

3- الصيغ التركيبية المتوقعة للمركب هي:

Example (2):

Draw the (¹H-NMR) spectrum for the Organic Compound (2-butanone) with explain relative signals?

د (2) مثال

ارسم طيف (1 H-NMR) المركب (1 H-NMR) المركب

الحل:

في حل هذا السؤال نتبع الخطوات التالية:

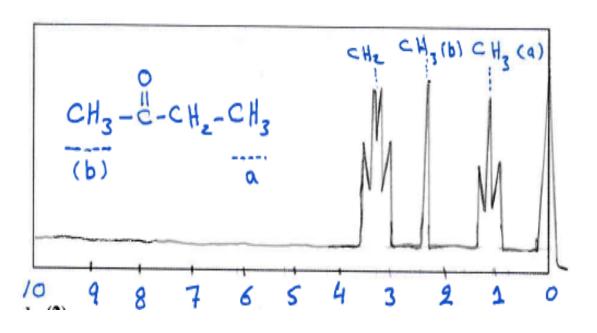
 $^{\rm CH_3-C-CH_2-CH_3}$) المركب الصيغة التركيبة للمركب -1

2- نحدد نوع البروتونات.

3- تسلسل الاشارات.

4- شكل الاشارة.

5- رسم الطيف.



Example (3):

The Organic Compound unknown it has molecular formula ($C_6H_{10}O_2$) which gives these signals: singlet (2.2) and singlet (2.8) by measurement (δ). Identification these signals and gave the structure formula expected for this compound?

د (3) مثال

مركب عضوي مجهول صيغته الجزيئية ($C_6H_{10}O_2$) اعطى الاشارات التالية : احادية عند (2.2) و احادية عند (2.8) بمقياس (δ) . شخص الاشارات واعط الصيغة التركيبية المتوقعة لهذا المركب .

الحل:

نستنتج من الطيف الاتي:

- 1- عدم وجود اشارة عند المدى (7-8) يدل على ان المركب اليفاتى .
- . (CH_3 -C=O) تعود لمجموعة المثيل كاربونيل (CH_3 -C=O) .
 - $(CH_2-C=O)$ تعود لبروتونات ((2.8) عند ((2.8)
- 4- بما انه لاتوجد اشارت اخرى فهذا يدل على ان البروتونات المتبقية والتي عددها ضعف البروتونات المشخصة هي بروتونات لها نفس البيئة الالكترونية للبروتونات في النقطة ($CH_2-C=O$) و $CH_3-C=O$).

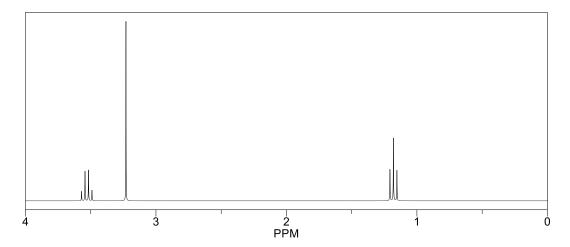
5- اي ان الصيغة التركيبية المتوقعة للمركب هي:

Example (4): (H.W)

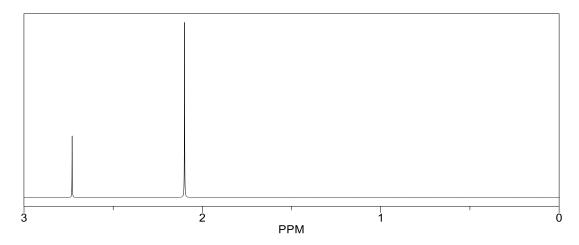
Draw the (¹H-NMR) spectrum for the Organic Compound (ph-CO-CH₂CH₃) with explain relative signals ?

مسائل في طيف H-NMR:

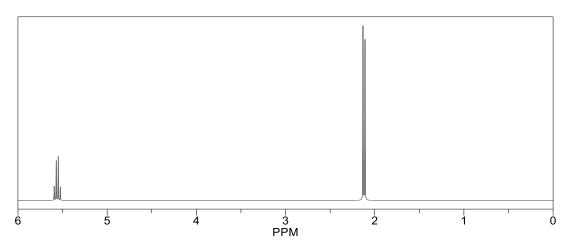
 ${f Q}1$: Identification the Organic Compound unknown which gave him this (1H -NMR) spectrum figure and the molecular formula (C_3H_8O) with explain relative signals .



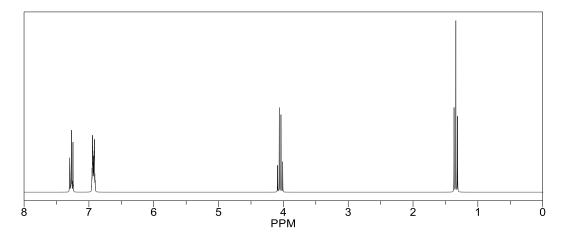
 $\mathbf{Q}2$: Identification the Organic Compound unknown which gave him this ($^1H\text{-NMR})$ spectrum figure and the molecular formula ($C_6H_{10}O_2$) with explain relative signals .



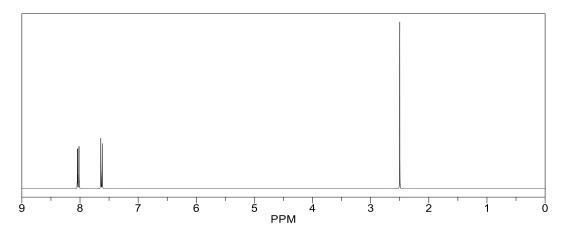
 ${f Q}3$: Identification the Organic Compound unknown which gave him this (1H -NMR) spectrum figure and the molecular formula ($C_2H_4Cl_2$) with explain relative signals .



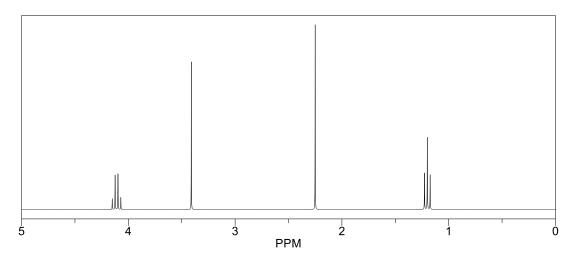
 ${f Q}4$: Identification the Organic Compound unknown which gave him this (1H -NMR) spectrum figure and the molecular formula ($C_8H_{10}O$) with explain relative signals .



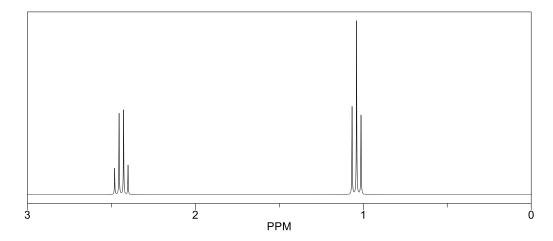
 $\mathbf{Q}5$: Identification the Organic Compound unknown which gave him this ($^1H\text{-}NMR)$ spectrum figure and the molecular formula (C_8H_7OBr) with explain relative signals .



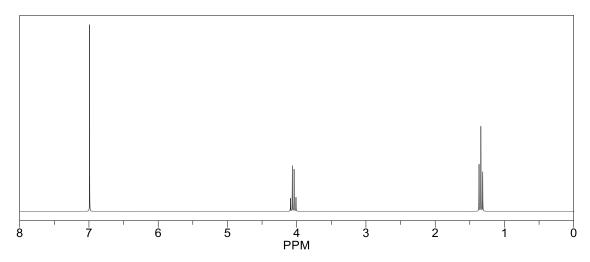
 ${f Q}6$: Identification the Organic Compound unknown which gave him this (1H -NMR) spectrum figure and the molecular formula ($C_6H_{10}O_3$) with explain relative signals .



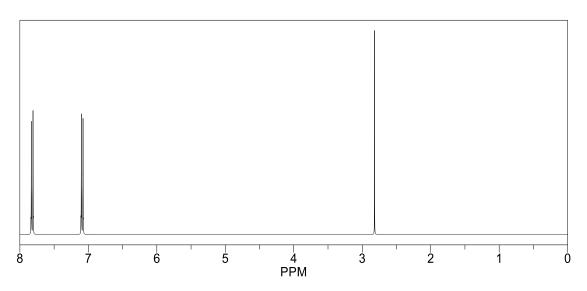
Q7 : Identification the Organic Compound unknown which gave him this (1 H-NMR) spectrum figure and the molecular formula ($C_{6}H_{10}O_{2}$) with explain relative signals .



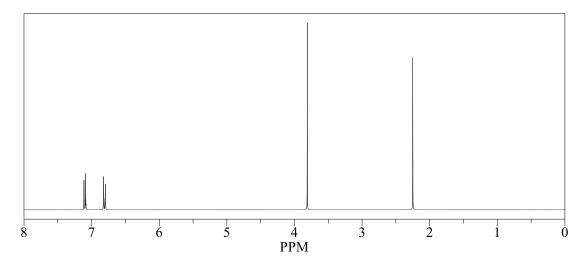
 ${\bf Q}8$: Identification the Organic Compound unknown which gave him this ($^1H\text{-}NMR)$ spectrum figure and the molecular formula ($C_{10}H_{14}O_2$) with explain relative signals .



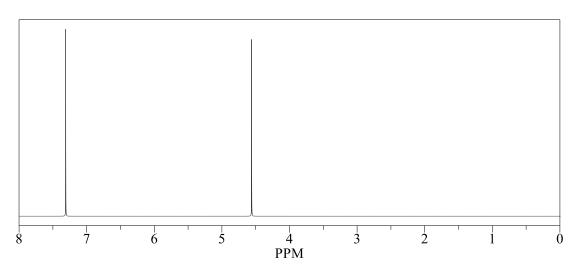
 ${f Q}9$: Identification the Organic Compound unknown which gave him this (1H -NMR) spectrum figure and the molecular formula ($C_{14}H_{12}Br_2$) with explain relative signals .



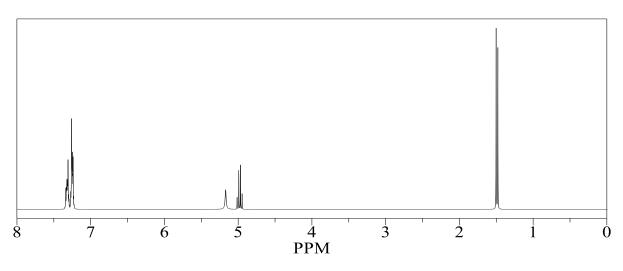
Q10 : Identification the Organic Compound unknown which gave him this (1 H-NMR) spectrum figure and the molecular formula ($C_{8}H_{10}O$) with explain relative signals .



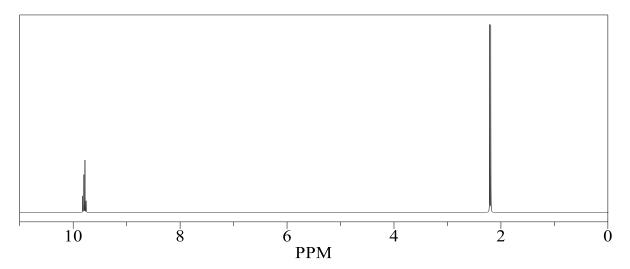
Q11 : Identification the Organic Compound unknown which gave him this (1 H-NMR) spectrum figure and the molecular formula ($C_{8}H_{8}Br_{2}$) with explain relative signals .



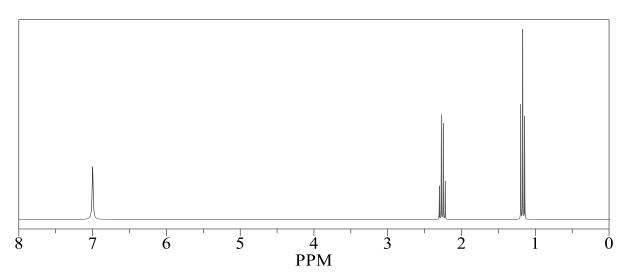
Q12 : Identification the Organic Compound unknown which gave him this ($^1\text{H-NMR}$) spectrum figure and the molecular formula ($C_8H_{10}O$) with explain relative signals .



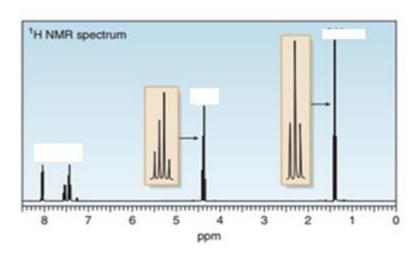
Q13 : Identification the Organic Compound unknown which gave him this (1 H-NMR) spectrum figure and the molecular formula ($C_{2}H_{4}O$) with explain relative signals .



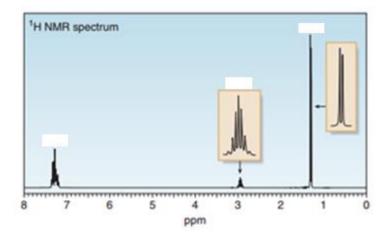
 ${f Q}14$: Identification the Organic Compound unknown which gave him this (${}^1{f H}$ -NMR) spectrum figure and the molecular formula (${f C}_3{f H}_7{\hbox{ON}}$) with explain relative signals .



Q15 : Identification the Organic Compound unknown which gave him this ($^1\text{H-NMR}$) spectrum figure and the molecular formula ($\text{C}_9\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_2$) with explain relative signals .



Q16 : Identification the Organic Compound unknown which gave him this (1 H-NMR) spectrum figure and the molecular formula (C_9H_{12}) with explain relative signals .



 $\mathbf{Q}17$: Draw the ($^1\text{H-NMR}$) spectrum for thes Organic Compounds with explain relative signals .

(a)
$$OH$$
 (b) Cl (c) $CH_3-CH_2-CH_3$

$$(g) \qquad \begin{array}{c} CH_3 \\ H_3C \\ CH_3 \end{array} \qquad (h) \qquad \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array}$$

: اعط فقط عدد الاشارات لطيف ($^1 ext{H-NMR}$) للمركبات التالية

CH ₃ CH ₃ -C-CH ₃	CH ₃ -CH ₂ -Br	CH ₃ -CH-CH ₃ Br
()	()	()
CH ₃ -CH ₂ -CH ₂ -Cl	CH ₃ -O-CH ₃	CH ₃ -OCH ₂ CH ₃
()	()	()
CH ₃	CH ₃	CN
CH ₃	$\widetilde{\text{CH}_3}$	CN
()	()	()
CN-CH ₂ -CH ₂ -CN	O CH ₃ -CH ₂ -C-CH ₂ -CH ₃	CO₂H CH₃-CH-CH₃
()	()	()
HO-CH ₂ -CH ₂ -OH	H CH ₃ -N-CH ₂ -CH ₃	Da CH CH CH Da
()	()	Br-CH ₂ -CH ₂ -CH ₂ -Br
()	()	()