



كلية : الاداب

القسم او الفرع : اللغة الانكليزية

المرحلة: الاولى

أستاذ المادة : أم مجيد اسماعيل فياض

اسم المادة باللغة العربية : مدخل الى الادب

اسم المادة باللغة الإنكليزية : **An Introduction to Literature**

اسم المحاضرة الأولى باللغة العربية: تعريف الادب – الشعر – من هو الشاعر – صفات الشاعر

اسم المحاضرة الأولى باللغة الإنكليزية : **Definitions of literature & poetry. Who is the**

poet. What are his main characteristics?

- What is Literature?

Literature is an art.

-There are other types of Arts like Music , Painting, designingetc

-Every art has its tool or instrument.

-Artists of literature works by words. They use language to create literature.

There are two purposes behind using words;

1. words are used for literary works.
2. words are used for Non- literary works (scientific works).

What are the main branches of Literature?

1. Poetry
2. Drama
3. Novel
4. Short story

How could we get good literature?

When the words are well –chosen , effective, strong in their emotional, imaginative or intellectual appeal.

First Lecture

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When would literature become bad?

When the words are ineffective and the emotions are false.

What is Poetry?

1. The elevated expression of elevated thought or feeling in metrical form.
 2. Poetry is the language of imaginations and passions.
 3. Poetry is the spontaneous overflow of powerful feeling.
 4. Poetry is best words in their best words.
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Who is the poet?

1. A poet is

chiefly distinguished man from others by a greater promptness to think and feel without external excitement.

2. A poet is more organized than other men and sensible to pain and pleasure.
 3. A Poet is the unacknowledged legislator of the world.
 4. A poet has a sensitive mind that makes him see and feel that a common man does not see and feel.
 5. A Poet has a powerful imagination which helps him to create new experiences and give new meaning to old ideas.
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Why do we read poetry?

1. for enjoyment
 2. for the music it contains
 3. We read poetry to because it makes us see things around us differently.
 4. We read poetry because it makes us wiser from the richness of others' imagination.
 5. when we read poetry, we learn to love and value things.
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Second Lecture

Poetry and Prose

The main differences between poetry and prose

1. Poetry is more concrete and specific than prose
 2. Poetry is more compressed and intense .
 3. Rhyme and rhythm are essential in poetry.
 4. Poetry is the language of passions while prose is the language of reason.
 5. Poetry is written in lines
Prose is written in sentences.
 6. Poetry= Best Words in their Best Order
Prose = Words in their Best Order.
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How to read Poetry?

The following steps are important when reading a poem

1. A poem should be read aloud.
2. write down the words that attract you.
3. try to find the connotations of the key words.
4. try to consider the setting(time and place) of the poem. A garden , a city , a cottage, or a castle...
5. Try to find out the atmosphere expressed in the poem.... Bright... gloomy . these might help you to know why the poet writes the poem.. to express happiness and joy or sadness and despair.

The Essentials of Poetry