

كلية: الإداب

القسم او الفرع: اللغة الانكليزية

المرحلة: الثالثة

أستاذ المادة: م.م. استبرق رافع غركان

اسم المادة باللغة العربية: الشعر الانكليزي في العصر الكلاسيكي الجديد

اسم المادة باللغة الإنكليزية: English Poetry in the Neoclassical Age

اسم المحاضرة الثانية باللغة العربية: مقارنة بين ادب عصر النهضة وادب العصر الكلاسيكي الجديد

اسم المحاضرة الثانية باللغة الإنكليزية : The Renaissance Literature Vs. The Neoclassical Literature

محتوى المحاضرة الثانية

- The neoclassic literature differs from that of the Elizabethan Age, the climax of the Renaissance, in three ways:
- 1- It is more formal, with its demand to follow exact rules.
- 2- It is more artificial, polished, straightforward, dull and lacks the creative liveliness of the Elizabethans.
- 3- The chief poetic form is heroic couplet which replaced the variety of forms in the Elizabethan Age.
- 4- The Neoclassical literature had been passionate, concerned with the human relationship as seen from the viewpoint of feeling and imagination.
- 5- Feeling and imagination were mistrusted. Feeling implied strong convictions. Strong convictions had produced a Civil War and the harsh rule of the Commonwealth.
 Imagination suggested the mad, the wild, the uncouth, the fanatical.
- 6- The Emphasis on living a calm civilized life governed by reason. The town is the true center of culture & civilization. The country stands for primitivism & barbarism.
- 7- In the Renaissance literature, themes are concerned with nature. Themes of the Neoclassical literature are related to the city: politics, the doings of polite society, the intellectual topics of men who talk in clubs and coffee-houses.

- 8- The heart is in complete control. The human brain has taken over and is in complete control.
- 9- The Emphasis in the literature of the Renaissance is on personal freedom, incontrollable passions and boundless ambitions, whereas the focus in the Neoclassical literature is on Good manners, eloquence & wit.