

# An eye to the future

Future forms · Hot verbs - take, put · Telephoning



#### **TEST YOUR GRAMMAR**

1 Which future form expresses ...?

an intention a prediction a future fact based on a timetable an arrangement between people a spontaneous decision a suggestion

- 1 Tomorrow's weather will be warm and sunny.
- 2 The flight to Doha leaves at ten past ten.
- 3 I'm going to be a racing driver when I grow up.
- 2 Name the different future forms.

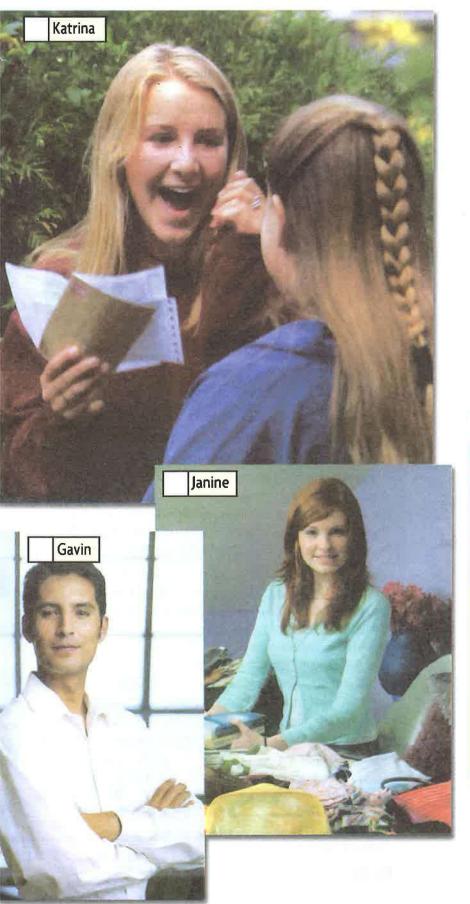
- 4 We're seeing Sue for lunch on Thursday.
- 5 Shall we have a break now?
- 6 I'll make some coffee.

#### HOW DO YOU SEE YOUR FUTURE?

#### **Future forms**

1 Look at the pictures and listen to these people talking about the future. Who says what? Put a number 1–6 next to the names.





- 2 Answer the questions.
  - What is Katrina going to study? How long does her course last?
  - 2 What is Mickey doing tomorrow? What time does the match start?
  - 3 Why are Tony and Marie excited?
  - 4 What's Elsie doing tomorrow? What will they do together?
  - 5 Why is Janine packing? How's she getting to the airport?
  - 6 What are Gavin's ambitions?
  - 1 52 Listen and check.
- 3 Here are the answers to some questions. Write the questions.
  - Bristol University. (Which ...?)
  - His son and some friends. Oxford United and Bristol Rovers.
  - 3 In three weeks.
  - 4 A sponge cake with jam in it.
  - 5 It leaves at 10.30.
  - 6 Twice what he's earning now.
  - 153 Listen and check.

#### LANGUAGE FOCUS

1 Do these sentences refer to the present or the future?

Marie's moving house soon ... At the moment I'm packing ... I work in the City.

The plane leaves at 10.30.

2 What's the difference between these sentences?

What do you do in the evenings? What are you doing this evening?

Get in the car. I'll give you a lift. I'm going to give Dave a lift to the airport tomorrow.

We'll have supper at 8.00. We'll be having supper at 8.00.

I'll write the report tonight. I'll have written the report by tonight.

Grammar Reference pp144-146

#### **PRACTICE**

#### Discussing grammar

1 Choose the correct form in the pairs

of sentences.
1 'll see / 'm going to see
I'm very excited. I all my family this weekend.
I don't know if I have time to come this evening.  I
2 are you going to do / will you do
So you're off to the States for a year! What there?
I'm sure you will pass your exams, but what if you don't?
3 'll come / 'm coming
I with you if you like.
I with you whether you like it or not.
4 are you doing / are you going to do
Your school report is terrible. Whatabout it?
What this evening?
5 'm giving / 'm going to give
I've had enough of her lazy attitude. Iher a good talking to.
I a presentation at 3.00 this afternoon. I'm scared stiff.
6 leaves / is leaving
John! Peter now. Come and say goodbye.
The coach at 8.00, so don't be late.
7 'll see / 'll be seeing
I you outside the cinema at 8.00.
I Peter this afternoon, so I'll tell him your news.
8 'Il see / 'Il have seen
You enough of me by the end of this holiday.
I'm going to make a success of my life. You
154 Listen and check.

2 Put the verb in brackets in the correct tense. Use Present Simple, Present Perfect, will or the Future Continuous.



3 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verb. Use will, the Future Continuous, or the Future Perfect.

1 I can book the tickets. I \_\_\_\_\_ past the theatre on my way home.

2 I'll say goodbye now. You \_\_\_\_\_ by the time I get back.

3 He \_\_\_\_\_ mad when I tell him I've crashed his car.

make

4 'Tea?' 'It's OK. I \_\_\_\_\_\_ it.'

5 Dave is so ambitious. I bet he \_\_\_\_\_ a fortune by the time he's thirty.

6 You'll know where our class is. We \_\_\_\_\_ so much noise!

read

7 I'll lend you this book next time I see you. I \_\_\_\_\_\_ it by then.

8 We're studying Shakespeare next term so I \_\_\_\_\_ his plays over the summer.

9 I've just got an email from Megan. I \_\_\_\_\_\_ it to you.

#### Talking about you

4 Complete the questions with the most natural future form. Sometimes there are several possibilities.

1 Where \_\_\_\_\_ (you go) on holiday this year?

2 How \_\_\_\_\_ (you get) there?

3 How long \_\_\_\_\_ (you be) away for?

4 Which hotel \_\_\_\_\_ (you stay) in?

5 What time \_\_\_\_\_ (your flight arrive)?

6 What \_\_\_\_\_ (you do) while you're on holiday?

In pairs, ask and answer the questions about your next holiday. If you haven't got a holiday planned, make one up!

#### I hope so/I don't think so

5 T 5.6 Listen to the conversations and complete them.

1 'Do you think you'll ever be rich?'

'l \_\_\_\_\_ so.'

'1 \_\_\_\_\_ one day.'

'It's possible, but I \_\_\_\_\_\_ it.'
'I'm sure I \_\_\_\_\_\_.'

'I'm sure I \_\_\_\_\_\_.

2 'Are you going out tonight?'

'Yes, I am.'

'I think \_\_\_\_\_\_, but I'm not sure.'
'I \_\_\_\_\_\_ be.'

3. 'Do you think the world's climate will change dramatically in the next fifty years?"

so.'

'I hope \_\_\_\_\_

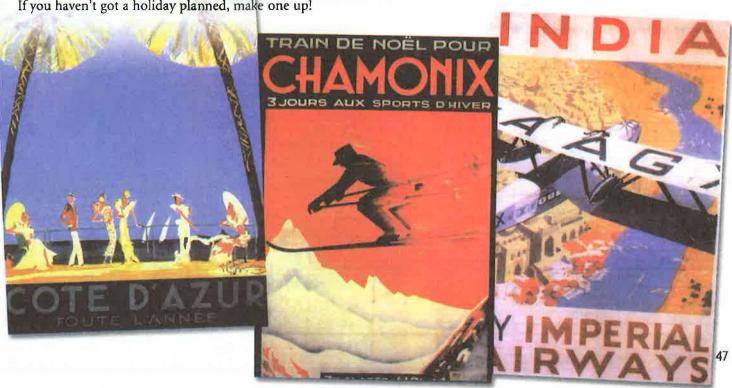
'Who \_\_\_\_\_? Maybe.'

6 Ask and answer similar yes/no questions about future possibilities in your life.

1 be famous go to Florida marry a millionaire speak perfect English have grandchildren

2 go to the cinema soon meet friends this weekend eat out in the next few days

3 we discover new sources of energy people live for 150 years find a cure for cancer



#### READING AND SPEAKING

#### Today's teenagers are just fine!

- In your country, what do
  - · old people think of young people?
  - young people think of old people?
  - · parents think of teenagers?
  - · teenagers think of their parents?
- 2 Look at the photos. Read the headings and the introduction. Why do you think young people 'get a bad press'? What does this mean?
- 3 Work with a partner and answer these questions about each person.
  - 1 What is their particular talent?
  - 2 What do you learn about their family or childhood?
  - 3 Who has influenced their life and career?
  - 4 What have they achieved in life so far?
  - 5 What is their ambition?
  - 6 Do they spend time with friends?
- 4 Compare Sarah's life with the three boys.
- 5 Which person might have said ...?
  - 1 'She won't be able to walk at all soon.'
  - 2 'By the time I'm 20 I'll be giving concerts all over the world.'
  - 3 'I'm going to take my grandmother on a world cruise.'
  - 4 'I'm taking part in a major tournament in China next month.'

#### What do you think?

- Who do you think is the most successful now?
- Who will be most successful in the future?
- Which two teenagers do you most admire? Why?

#### Language work

Complete the chart of adjectives and nouns. Mark the stress. The missing words are all in the articles.

Adjective	Noun am'bition	
ambitious		
poor		
competitive		
memorable		
	success	
influential		
responsible		
	pride	
	health	
	necessity	

Judith Woods and Fiona Holloway report

## Today's teenagers

Today's teenagers get a bad press but they are not all sulking in their bedrooms. The ones featured here – like most of the UK's five and a half million teens – are ambitious, talented and making the most of their lives, often against the odds.

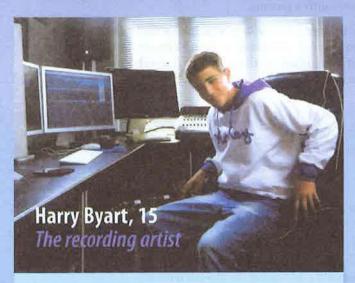


Darius, from Southwest London, grew up in poverty, but discovering table tennis turned his life around. He is now the European youth champion and has set his sights on the Olympics.

"My childhood was tough. It was an everyday thing for me to get into fights. Then, when I was ten I took up table tennis and joined an after-school group. The teacher, Gideon Ashison, made me see that it was up to me if I wanted to be successful. I started to enter competitions and trained from the age of 12. When I was 17 I was awarded a place at the Institute of Sport in Sheffield, where I now live and train full-time. My goal is to become the world's number one table tennis player. I still see my friends but table tennis isn't their kind of thing."



### are just fine!



Harry Byart (AKA Fugative) lives in Essex. His first album, Prince of the Playground, was released last September and his single Summertime is available to download from Myspace and has been played on BBC Radio 1.

"My family have always encouraged me and my music. I play the keyboard and I sing. I've co-written all the songs with my producer Darren Martyn, who has worked with many well-known musicians. He's been a big influence on me. I write about things that matter to me such as my friends, school and real life. I plan to make music my career, but at this stage my ambition is just to make my mum proud of me."

Fraser is from Edinburgh. He set up the healthy-jam brand **SuperJam** when he was just 16. Today it is sold in 1,000 stores in the UK, and he's about to launch it in Europe.

"When I was 14, my grandma told me her secret recipe for jam. I made a batch and sold it locally for £1.50 a jar. It was really popular and within 18 months I was making 1,000 jars a week.

My story made the local newspaper and I was spotted by a businessman. Thanks to his advice I began researching jam companies and I developed the range to include blueberries and cranberries and, because I was using these so-called 'superfoods', I called it **SuperJam**.

Today I earn more than both my parents combined. People ask if I feel I've missed out on being a 'normal teenager', but I still do all the things with my friends that the average teenager does – I just get to do unusual stuff as well, like having dinner with the Prime Minister. My ambition is to sell my jam worldwide."



Sarah, from Shrewsbury, cares for her mother Carol, 51, who has multiple sclerosis (MS).

"I'll never forget my first day at school. I saw the other children being dropped off by their parents and I suddenly realised that not all mothers were in a wheelchair. The thing is my mum has had MS for 26 years so I have no memory of her being anything other than ill.

As an only child, I've had to grow up quickly to cope with the responsibilities of Mum's condition. Although she's relatively mobile, she falls over daily, suffers from fatigue and can't do much. In the mornings I make sure Mum has taken her pills and I give her an injection. After school I cook dinner. I don't have much time for schoolfriends. Then someone told me about a project that gives young carers the chance to meet each other. That helps a lot. Caring for my mum isn't a burden, I'm going to carry on doing it as long as it's necessary."

#### SPOKEN ENGLISH 'thing'

The word thing is used a lot in English!

1 Look at the examples of *thing* from Darius's story on page 48.

It was an everyday thing for me to get into fights.

Table tennis isn't their kind of thing.

Find an example of thing(s) in each of the other texts.

- 2 Ask and answer the questions with a partner about you.
  - How are things with you at the moment?
  - What's the thing you like most about learning English?
  - Generally speaking, do you try to do the right thing?
  - Do you like doing your own thing?
  - Is horse racing your kind of thing?
  - Do you ever say the wrong thing in company?
  - Do you have a thing about people wearing fur?
  - If your friend keeps you waiting, do you make a big thing of it?

#### SPEAKING

#### A career quiz

- 1 Who do you know that is rich and successful? Think of people you know personally and famous people. What have they done? Share ideas with the class.
- 2 Are you ambitious? Do you want to be rich and successful or do you think there's more to life than
- 3 Do the quiz. Circle an answer a, b, or c. Compare your answers with a partner.
- 4 Turn to page 157 and find out how ambitious you are. Do you agree? Discuss as a class. Who are the most ambitious? What do they want to do? Who are the least ambitious? Why?

### How ambitious are you?

- It's 8.30am on the first morning of the working week. Are you ...?
  - a already working at your desk.
  - b just walking through the door.
  - c just walking out of the shower.
- You've been asked to present your team's findings at a meeting with your boss. Do you ...?
  - a take credit yourself for most of the findings.
  - present a balanced report, taking care to give credit to colleagues where it's due.
  - c forget your notes for the meeting.
- Your boss is really pleased with your team's work and takes you all out to a restaurant to celebrate.
  - a make sure that you are sitting next to your boss to explain why the project was so
  - b chat to your boss for a while and then talk to your colleagues.
  - c enjoy the meal and chat to anyone and everyone.
  - You are at a conference and your name badge has your name but your boss's job title. Do you ...?
  - a just leave it because you hope to have the title yourself one day.
  - b ask politely for it to be changed.
  - c fail to notice. You never bother to pin name badges on anyway.
- If your colleagues chose an adjective to describe you, which would it be?
  - a Highly-motivated.
  - Supportive.
  - Lazy.

- You and a colleague are both put forward for promotion but you don't get it. Do you ...?
  - a find it very difficult to congratulate him
  - b congratulate him or her warmly but feel very disappointed.
  - c feel relieved that you won't have any extra work.
- Head office sends an email asking staff for suggestions to cut costs in the workplace. Do you ...?
  - a already have a list of suggestions.
  - refuse to take part because you believe they are trying to cut jobs.
  - c delete the email.
  - Your boss is going away on a training course and you are going to take over his or her job for that period. Are you going to ...?
    - a work hard and make sure your colleagues work
    - b discuss your plans with your colleagues to get their support.
    - enjoy the freedom of your boss being away.

What is your motto at work?

- a Work hard and make sure the boss notices what you do.
- b Make sure you work well with your team.
- Work to live, don't live to work.

#### VOCABULARY

#### Hot verbs – take, put

1 There are many expressions with take and put. Look at these examples from the texts on pages 48-49 and the quiz on pages 50 and 157.

I make sure Mum has taken her pills. Do you take credit yourself for most of the findings? You and a colleague are both put forward for promotion. You must put yourself first sometimes.

2 Put the words in the right box.

offence a stop to sth place your arm round sb (no) notice part sb in charge of sth sb/sth for granted my advice a plan into practice a risk your work first responsibility for sth pressure on sb ages

PUT	
	PUT

3 Complete the sentences with expressions from exercise 2 in the correct form.

1	The wedding	. in a small village. It was lovely, but it
	was miles away. It	to get there.

- 2 My son's buying cigarettes, but I'll soon \_\_\_\_ to that. I won't give him any more pocket money.
- 3 Please don't \_\_\_\_\_ but I don't think your work has been up to your usual standard recently.
- 4 I told you that restaurant was awful. You should have \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ and gone somewhere else.
- 5 The older you get, the more you have to learn to \_\_ for your own life.
- 6 My boss is \_\_\_\_\_ on me to resign, but I won't go.
- 7 I tried to get the teacher's attention but she \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_ of me at all.
- 8 Children never say 'Thank you' or 'How are you?' to their parents. They just \_\_\_\_\_ them \_\_\_\_\_.

#### T 57 Listen and check.

4 Match a line in A with a line in B. Underline the expressions with take or put.

	A	B was a second s
1	Take your time.	Put it in your diary.
2	The exam's on the 21st.	What would you do?
3	Their marriage will be a happy one.	Calm down. There's no need to panic.
	'I told her a joke about the French,	There's no need to hurry.
	and it turned out she was French.'	No one's out to get you.
5	Take it easy.	Take my word for it. I know these things
6	Put yourself in my shoes.	"Whoops! You really put your foot in it,
	You always take things too personally.	

#### Phrasal verbs

5 Use a dictionary. Complete the sentences with a phrasal verb with take.

> take sth back take sth in take off take sb on

- 1 The shop \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of extra staff every Dubai Shopping Festival.
- 2 The lecture was too complicated, and the students couldn't \_\_\_\_\_ it all \_\_\_
- 3 My business really \_\_\_\_\_ after I picked up six new clients.
- 4 You called me a liar, but I'm not. \_\_\_\_ that \_\_\_\_ and say sorry!

1 5 8 Listen and check.

**6** Complete the sentences with these phrasal verbs with put.

put sth out put sb off put sth away put sth on

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_ some music \_\_\_\_! Whatever you want.
- 2 That article about factory farming has really \_\_\_\_ me \_\_\_\_ eating chicken.
- 3 Could you \_\_\_\_\_ your clothes, please. Your room's a total mess.
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_ your cigarette \_\_\_\_! You can't smoke in here.

T 5 9 Listen and check.



'Well, I wouldn't eat it, but don't let that put you off.'

#### LISTENING AND SPEAKING

#### The reunion

1 Three friends, Alan, Sam, and James, were all at university together in Chicago. Now, ten years later, they are planning a reunion. Divide into two groups.

Group A

1510 Listen to Alan phoning Sam.

Group B

Listen to Sam phoning James.

Listen and complete as much as possible of the chart. The following names are mentioned.

Green Street El Gusto Michigan

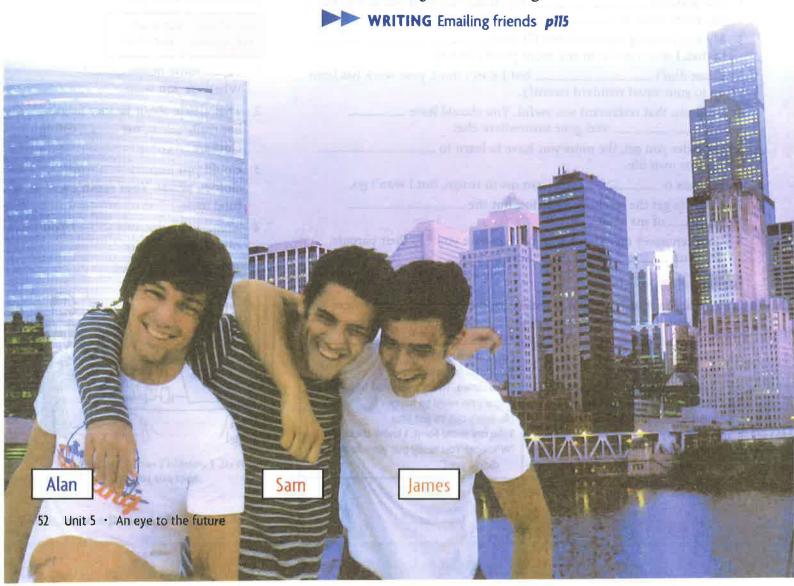
Days Inn Sheraton LA Dos Hermanos

Taylor Street Oak Park Chicago

2 Check your answers with people in your group.

	Alan	Sam	James
Travelling from?			
How?			
Leaving at what time?			
Arriving in Chicago at?			
Staying where?			
Going to which restaurant?			
Where is it?			
Where are they going to meet?			
What time?			

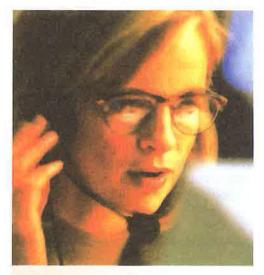
- 3 Find a partner from the other group. Swap information to complete the chart.
- 4 What might go wrong with their arrangements? Or will everything work out all right? Who's meeting who where?



#### **EVERYDAY ENGLISH**

#### Beginning a telephone conversation

- 1 15.12 Listen to the beginning of three phone calls. What's the difference between them?
  - When and why do we make small talk? Who with? What about?
  - · Why do organizations have recorded menus?
  - Why do people find them frustrating?
- 2 Here is the beginning of a telephone conversation between two people who don't know each other. Put it in the right order.



- Hello. TVS Computers. Samantha speaking. How can I help you?
- (pause) OK. It's ringing for you now.
- Yes, please.
- (ring ring) Hello. Customer services.
- Good morning. Could I speak to your customer services department, please?
- (pause) I'm afraid the line's busy at the moment. Will you hold?
- Certainly. Who's calling?
- Thank you.
- This is Keith Jones.
- Hello, I was wondering if you could help me ...

[15] Listen and check your answers.

#### Ending a telephone conversation

3 Here is the end of a telephone conversation between two work colleagues, Andy and Barry. Put it in the right order.



- A So, Barry. It was good to talk to you. Thanks very much for phoning.
- A I certainly will. And you'll send me a copy of the report?
- ☐ A That's great, Barry. Have a good weekend!
- **B** My pleasure. By the way, how's your golf these days? Still playing?
- **B** Same to you, too! Bye, Andy.
- **B** OK. Don't want to keep you. So, you'll give me a ring when you're back, right?
- ▲ No, not much. I just don't seem to find the time these days. Anyway, Barry ...
- **B** It'll be in the post tonight.
- A It's true. Right, Barry. I must fly. I'm late for a meeting.
- B What a shame! You used to enjoy it so much.
- 11 A Bye, Barry.

T 5.14 Listen and check your answers.

- 4 Discuss the questions.
  - Who's trying to end the conversation?
  - . Who wants to chat?
  - How does Andy try to signal that he wants to end the conversation?
  - · How do they confirm their arrangements?
- 5 Your teacher will give you a list of expressions and a role card for a phone conversation. Work in pairs. Decide if you think small talk is necessary, and if so, what you can talk about. Sit back to back and have the conversation.