University of Anbar College of Engineering Dept. of Electrical Engineering



Lab. Name: :fundamental of Electric

circuit I

Experiment no.: Lab. Supervisor:

Experiment No.4

Kirchhoff's laws

Object

To verify Kirchhoff's voltage and current laws for simple DC circuits.

Theory

❖ Kirchhoff's current law

States that me sum of the currents flowing into a junction or node is equal to the sum of the current 's flowing out of that junction.

$$\sum I_{leaving} = \sum I_{in}$$

Example

For node A
$$I_{A1} + I_{A2} + I_{A3} = 0$$

For node B
$$I_{B1} + I_{B2} + I_{B3} = 0$$



Lab. Name: :fundamental of Electric

circuit I

Experiment no.: Lab. Supervisor:

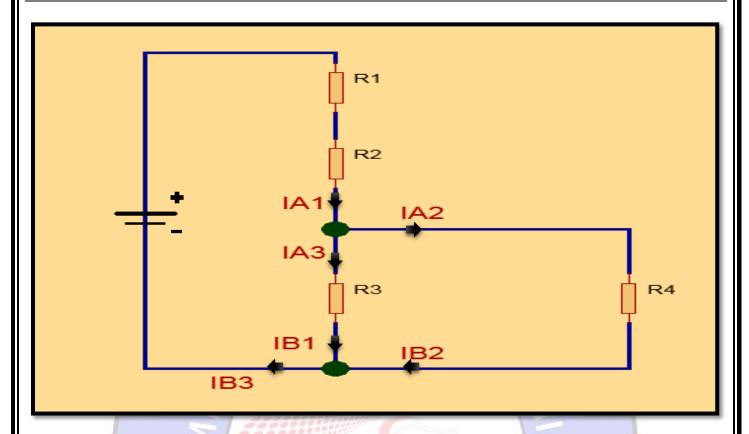


Fig.1 Setup to study the 1st Kirchhoff law

❖ Kirchhoff's voltage law

State that the algebraic sum at all voltages around path or loop is zero.

Example

The circuit shown in Fig.2. now with clockwise direction.

For Loop A

$$V_a + V_b + V_c + V_d = 0$$

For Loop B

$$V_e + V_d = 0$$

For Loop C

$$V_a + V_b + V_c + V_e = 0$$



Lab. Name: :fundamental of Electric

circuit I

Experiment no.: Lab. Supervisor:

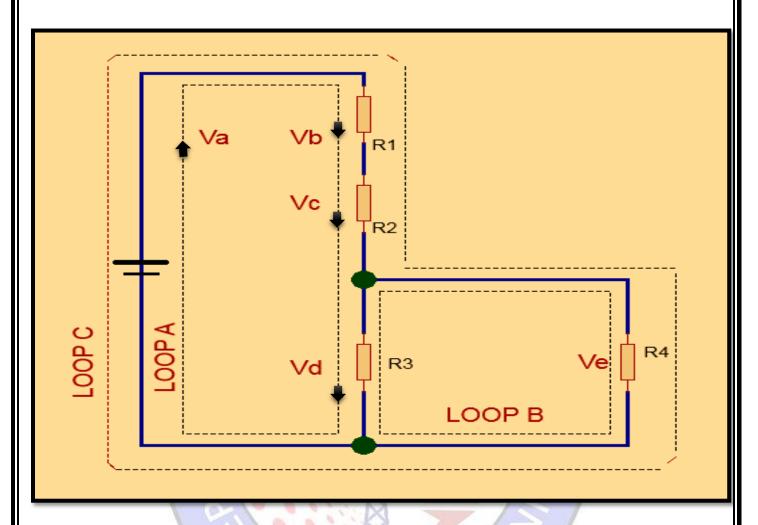


Fig.2 Circuit to study the 2st Kirchhoff law

Procedure

- 1. Wire the circuit shown in Fig. 2, and adjust the power supply voltage at (15V)
- 2. Measure the voltage across each resistor, take in consideration the polarity across each resistor. Record your measured result in the Third column of table (1). Determine the sum of these measured voltages. In this stage Kirchhoff's voltage law should be stratified.

Parameter	Calculated	Measured	Error %
Source	15V	15V	

University of Anbar College of Engineering Dept. of Electrical Engineering



Lab. Name: :fundamental of Electric

circuit I

Experiment no.: Lab. Supervisor:

V_b		
V_c		
V_d		
Total		

Table.1

- 3. Wire the circuit shown in Fig.1 and adjust power supply voltage at (10V)
- 4. Measure the three branch currents. Record your measured results in the third column Table (2). In Kirchhoff's current law should be satisfied.

Parameter	Calculated	Measured	Error %
I_{A1}			
I_{A2}			
I_{A3}			

Discussion

- 1. In your own words, state Kirchhoff's Voltage and Current law?
- 2. For the circuit shown in Fig.3. If $I_1=18.4$ mA and $I_4=2.65$ mA, then I_2 is:

كُلِيةَ الْهِنْدُسَة

- a. 5.3mA b. 13.1mA c. 7.8mA d. 18.2mA
- 3. If other resistors values are used for the circuit of Fig.2 in loop A, so that: V_b =0.54V and V_d =3.58V, Then Vc should be:

 - a. 1016V b. 10.88V
- c. 107V
- d. 4.74V
- 4. Determine the branch current in the network of Fig.4.When The value of each resistance is one ohm.

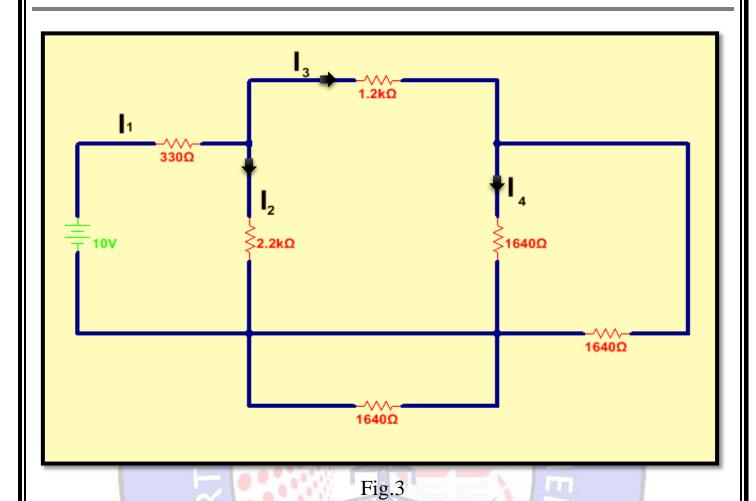
University of Anbar College of Engineering Dept. of Electrical Engineering



Lab. Name: :fundamental of Electric

circuit I

Experiment no.: Lab. Supervisor:



10 10 5v

Fig.4